(A Component Unit of DeKalb County, Illinois)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Thirteen Months Ended December 31, 2007

Certified Public Accountants & Advisors

DEKALB COUNTY FOREST PRESERVE DISTRICT SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	MD&A 1-10
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	3
Statement of Activities	4
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	5
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to	
the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	7
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Governmental	
Activities in the Statement of Activities	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9-18
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -	
General Fund	19
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	
Schedule of Funding Progress	
Schedule of Employer Contributions	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	22

DEKALB COUNTY FOREST PRESERVE DISTRICT SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page(s)
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES	
Schedule of Detailed Revenues - Budget and Actual -	
General Fund	23
Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual -	
General Fund	24-25
Schedule of Property Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates and Extensions	26
Schedule of Property Tax Collections	27



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Chairman Members of the District Board DeKalb County Forest Preserve District Sycamore, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District, Sycamore, Illinois, a component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois, as of and for the thirteen months ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Forest Preserve District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1a, the basic financial statements present only the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District and are not intended to present fairly the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows of DeKalb County, Illinois, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and its major fund of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District, as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position for the thirteen months then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of DeKalb County Forest Preserve District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Jull Jap

Aurora, Illinois April 1, 2008

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DEKALB COUNTY FOREST PRESERVE DISTRICT DEKALB COUNTY, ILLINOIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2007

The Forest Preserve District Commissioners and the Finance Office of DeKalb County are pleased to present to readers of the financial statements of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve for the thirteen months ended December 31, 2007.

In the past, the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized by fund type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified, and DeKalb County Forest Preserves' Financial Statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Forest Preserve's finances. The new Financial Statements' focus is on both the Forest Preserve as a whole (governmentwide) and on the major fund. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year and government to government), and enhance the Forest Preserve's accountability.

DeKalb County Forest Preserve Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Forest Preserve's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Forest Preserve's financial position (its ability to address the subsequent year's challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

I. Financial Highlights

The Forest Preserve General Fund's current net assets of \$1,930,944 exceeded the current liabilities of \$1,601,735 at the close of the fiscal year by \$329,209. The Forest Preserve has maintained its employment force and has been able to continue with modest pay increases for its employees.

DeKalb County Forest Preserve changed the fiscal year end date to December 31, 2007 adding one extra month of expenses to the year. The DeKalb County Board made the decision to change the County end date and the Forest Preserve Commission members agreed to make the change in conjunction with the County.

II. Overview of the Financial Statements

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to emulate the corporate sector in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns that add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Assets is the "Unrestricted Net Assets" and it is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the private sector. This statement then, combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the Forest Preserve District is improving.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Forest Preserve's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year and is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the Forest Preserve's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various government services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Forest Preserve that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Forest Preserve include general governmental activities of culture & recreation.

The DeKalb County Forest Preserve District is a component unit of DeKalb County. Therefore, the financial information of this unit is also reported in the financial information of DeKalb County in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

B. Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Fund Financial Statement allows the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on major funds, rather than (the previous model's) fund types. The fund of the Forest Preserve can be placed into the governmental funds category.

1. Governmental Funds

The Governmental Major Fund presentation is presented on a "sources and uses of liquid resources" basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Major Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources), which is reflected. The flow of current financial resources reflects bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation eliminates these transactions and incorporates the capital assets and long-term obligation (bond and others) into the Governmental Activities column in the Government-Wide statements.

2. Proprietary Funds

The Forest Preserve District has no Proprietary Funds.

3. Fiduciary Funds

The Forest Preserve District has no Fiduciary Funds.

C. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found in this report beginning on page 9.

D. Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Forest Preserve's progress in funding its obligation to provide benefits to its' employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

III. Financial Analysis of the Forest Preserve as a Whole

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, a comparison of government-wide information is presented. The current year comparative statements follow:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

A. Net Assets

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

Table 1
Statement of Net Assets
December 1, 2006 through December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activiti	es
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	1,930,944	1,542,651
Capital Assets	<u>3,615,815</u>	<u>2,844,239</u>
Total Assets	<u>5,546,759</u>	<u>4,386,890</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>		
Long-Term Liabilities	34,303	30,966
Other Liabilities	<u>1,601,735</u>	<u>1,050,614</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>1,636,038</u>	<u>1,081,580</u>
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	3,614,815	2,844,239
Restricted	178,733	175,971
Unrestricted	<u>116,173</u>	<u>265,100</u>
Total Net Assets	<u>3,909,721</u>	<u>3,305,310</u>

2007 Table 1 Data is for 13 period fiscal year

Net assets increased by \$604,411 for the Forest Preserve during fiscal year 2007. This increase is attributable to the purchase of seventy-six additional acres of forest preserve land adjacent to the Afton Forest Preserve.

Restricted assets (\$178,733) on the previous chart refer to set-asides for land cash (\$9,788), wetland mitigation (\$112,155), Nicholson Russell Woods donation (\$5,500), National Resource Education Consortium (\$19,528), Land Acquisition – Community Foundation (\$200), and Natural Resource Education – Community Foundation (\$19,227), and Employee Retirement (\$8,325). For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Assets on Page 3 of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District Component Unit Annual Financial Report.

B. Activities

1. Changes in Net Assets

The following table summarizes the revenues and expenses of the District's activities:

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
December 1, 2006 through December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities			
Revenues	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>		
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	161,399	122,437		
Capital Grants	10,948	30,545		
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes	1,032,376	456,041		
Other Taxes	19,074	15,537		
Investment Income	22,905	21,578		
Miscellaneous	<u>9,131</u>	<u>7,447</u>		
Total Revenues	<u>1,083,486</u>	<u>500,603</u>		
Expenses				
Culture and Recreation	<u>651,422</u>	<u>491,039</u>		
Total Expenses	<u>651,422</u>	<u>491,039</u>		
Change in Net Assets	<u>604,411</u>	<u>162.546</u>		

2007 Table 2 data is for 13 period fiscal year

2. Governmental Revenues

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, revenues totaled \$1,255,833. Revenues from the Forest Preserve's largest source of revenues of \$1,051,450 come from the Property Tax revenues. The property tax revenues make up 83.7% of the Forest Preserve's total revenue budget. The next largest source of revenues is the Charges for Services of 13%. Between 2006 and 2007, property tax revenues increased by 126%. This property tax increase was the result of a Forest Preserve tax referendum for Land Acquisition that was passed in March 2006 with the first monies being collected during 2007. This referendum provided an increase in the levy rate from 3.25 cents to 6 cents.

3. Governmental Expenses

DeKalb County Forest Preserve expenses amounted to a total of \$1,418,561 in 2007. All of the expenses were culture and recreation. The personnel services of \$382,159 were 27% of the budget, compared with personnel services of 49% in 2006. Commodities and services of \$95,724 were 7% of the expense budget. The materials totaled \$51,369 or 4% of the expense budget, which is slightly less than the 7% in 2006. Continued park improvements at the Potawatomi Forest Preserve, and additional work on wetland mitigation is included in the capital expenses.

IV. Financial Analysis of Forest Preserve District's Funds

As of December 31, 2007, the governmental fund had a combined fund balance total of \$329,209, compared with 2006 of \$492,037 with an undesignated deficit balance of \$6,390.

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury. The County Treasurer utilizes a competitive bidding system with local financial institutions to assure that the highest return possible is made on funds invested. DeKalb County Forest Preserve earned interest revenue of \$22,905 on all fund type investments for the year ended December 31, 2007. This compares to \$21,577 interest revenue in 2006.

The County Treasurer is an elected official charged with the responsibility and authority to handle the investments for the Forest Preserve. The Treasurer's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. All of the funds of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve were insured and collateralized properly as of December 31, 2007.

V. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Table 3
December 1, 2006 through December 31, 2007

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Income Miscellaneous	1,043,500 0 8,000 <u>78,600</u>	1,043,500 0 8,000 <u>79,575</u>	1,051,450 10,948 22,905 170,530
Total Revenues	<u>1,130,100</u>	<u>1,131,075</u>	1,255,829
EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS			
Expenditures	<u>1,192,400</u>	1,334,030	<u>1,418,661</u>
Total Expenditures and Transfers	<u>1,192,400</u>	<u>1,334,030</u>	1,418,661
Change in Fund Balance		(202,950)	<u>(162,828)</u>

2007 Table 3 data is for 13 period fiscal year

As can be seen above, revenues exceeded the original budget by \$125,828. The majority of this is attributable to the increase in Property Tax revenues from a referendum that increased the tax rate from 3.5% to 6% for land acquisition and improvements in 2007.

VI. Capital Assets

The following schedule reflects the District's capital asset balances as of December 31, 2007:

Table 4 Capital Assets December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities			
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>		
Land & Land Right of Way	3,058,556	2,288,342		
Buildings	299,553	271,000		
Land Improvements	51,668	524,779		
Equipment	42,145	18,870		
Vehicles	85,581	85,581		
Less:				
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(447,467)</u>	<u>(396,161)</u>		
Total Capital Assets	3,614,815	2,844,239		

The Total Capital Assets for the Forest Preserve increased by \$770,576. This increase is the seventy-six acres of land that was purchased next to the existing Afton Forest Preserve property in March of 2007.

Additional information on the Forest Preserves capital assets can be found in Note 4.

VII. Long-Term Debt

The Forest Preserve has no General Obligation or Revenue Bonded Debt. Under the current state statutes, DeKalb County Forest Preserve's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on 2.3 percent of total assessed value of real and personal property. That would allow the Forest Preserve to currently incur debt up to \$45,390,100.

VIII. Economic Factors And Next Year's Budget Issues

The taxable assessed valuation for the Forest Preserve grew by over \$199 million dollars from the previous year total of \$1,886,297,529. There is some concern that the commercial and industrial value only makes up about 16.4% of the property tax base, which puts a lot of burden on residential property tax payers who make up 70% of the tax base. On-going efforts are in place, however, to bring increased economic development to the County, which will help diversify that tax base.

Population growth with additional subdivisions consuming open farmland presented a challenge for the Forest Preserve. As this growth occurs in DeKalb County the need for open space and recreational areas increases. The balancing act is the cost of land acquisition versus the desire to maintain and improve the quality of life for all residents of DeKalb County. The passing of the referendum for Forest Preserve Land Acquisition in March of 2006 allowed the Forest Preserve to add valuable open and recreational land to DeKalb County.

As of this writing, the FY 2008 financial year is well underway. The next budget to be developed will be the FY 2009 budget. It will be discussed in the fall of 2008 for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. Budget issues that the Forest Preserve Commissioners and the Forest Preserve Committee will be discussing will be continuing to develop the new Potawatomi Woods 293 acres and the newest 76 acres at Afton Woods. The continued increase in costs for Health Insurance and Pensions will also put a strain on the budget. The Forest Preserve also continues to fully comply with the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (P-TELL) that was approved by the voters in April 1999. The challenge of providing the best services with the best staff and keeping costs in line with available revenues continues to be the goal of the Forest Preserve staff as well as the Forest Preserve Commissioners.

IX. Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Forest Preserve finances and to demonstrate the Forest Preserve's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to either Terry Hannan, Superintendent of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve at 110 E. Sycamore Street, Sycamore, IL 60178 or Gary H. Hanson, Deputy County Administrator, DeKalb County Government, Finance Office, 200 N. Main Street, Sycamore, IL 60178.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2007

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 475,536
Receivables, net of allowance,	
where applicable	
Property taxes	1,420,000
Accounts	29,400
Accrued interest	2,998
Prepaid items	3,010
Capital assets not being depreciated	3,058,556
Capital assets being depreciated	
(net of accumulated depreciation)	556,259
Total assets	5,545,759
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	12,662
Accrued payroll	8,859
Deferred property taxes	1,420,000
Advance from primary government	160,214
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due in more than one year -	
compensated absences payable	34,303
Total liabilities	1,636,038
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,614,815
Restricted for	
Culture and recreation	178,733
Unrestricted	116,173
TOTAL 2007	A
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 3,909,721

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Thirteen Months Ended December 31, 2007

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	F	Expenses		<u>l</u> Charges r Services		ram Revenue Operating Grants		Capital Grants	Re (t (Expense) evenue and Change in Net Assets overnmental Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities Culture and recreation	\$	651,422	\$	161,399	\$	-	\$	10,948	\$	(479,075)
Total governmental activities		651,422		161,399		-		10,948		(479,075)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	651,422	\$	161,399	\$	-	\$	10,948		(479,075)
			Gen Tax	eral revenue	es					
				roperty						1,032,376
				eplacement						19,074
				estment inc	ome					22,905
			Mi	scellaneous						9,131
				Total						1,083,486
			CHA	ANGE IN N	ET A	ASSETS				604,411
			NET	T ASSETS,	DEC	CEMBER 1,	2006			3,305,310
			NET	Γ ASSETS, I	DEC	CEMBER 31	, 200′	7	\$	3,909,721

BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2007

	Governmental Fund General
ASSETS	
Cash and investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Prepaid items TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 475,536 1,420,000 29,400 2,998 3,010
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,930,944
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Deferred property taxes Due to other governments (DeKalb County)	\$ 12,662 8,859 1,420,000 160,214
Total liabilities	1,601,735
FUND BALANCE Reserved for prepaid items Reserved for land cash Reserved for wetland mitigation Reserved for Nicholson Russell Woods donation Reserved for Natural Resource Education Consortium Reserved for land acquisition - Community Foundation Reserved for "Jeff's Trees" Reserved for natural resource education - Community Foundation Reserved for employee retirement Unreserved Designated for cash flows Designated for special projects Designated for paid hours off contingency Undesignated (deficit)	3,010 9,788 112,155 5,500 19,528 200 1,000 19,227 8,325 114,200 11,700 34,303 (9,727)
Total fund balance	329,209
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,930,944

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2007

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 329,209
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported in the governmental funds	3,614,815
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences	
payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	 (34,303)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,909,721

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Thirteen Months Ended December 31, 2007

	Governmental Fund
	General
REVENUES	
Taxes	\$ 1,051,450
Intergovernmental	10,948
Investment income	22,905
Miscellaneous	170,530
Total revenues	1,255,833
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Culture and recreation	529,252
Capital outlay	889,409
Total expenditures	1,418,661
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(162,828)
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 1, 2006	492,037
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2007	\$ 329,209

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Thirteen Months Ended December 31, 2007

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (162,828)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures, however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	821,882
The change in compensated absences payable is reported as an expenditure when paid in governmental funds but as incurred on the statement of activities	(3,337)
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g.: depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	 (51,306)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 604,411

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District (the District), Sycamore, Illinois, a component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois (the County), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the same twenty-four member board as DeKalb County. The District does have the authority to prepare and approve its own budget, to levy taxes and to obtain financing. There are no component units included in the District. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which a primary government is financially accountable. However, the District is considered to be a blended component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois. Effective December 31, 2007, the District changed its fiscal year end from November 30 to December 31. Accordingly, these financial statements are for the thirteen months ended December 31, 2007.

b. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. Funds are independent fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. A minimum number of funds are maintained for this purpose.

The following fund categories (further defined by fund type) are used by the District:

Governmental Funds are used to account for the District's general activities. The General Fund is the primary operating fund; accounting for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of material inter-fund activity has been eliminated from these statements.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General (Corporate) Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance, regardless of when collected). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year budgeted for (intended to finance), if collected within sixty days after year end. A sixty day period is used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes and replacement taxes. Rental revenues and donations are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, if any, are recorded only when payment is due.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The District reports deferred revenue on its financial statements. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, or is measurable but not earned under the accrual basis of accounting. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and amounts in demand deposits, as well as short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments

Investments with a maturity greater than one year at time of purchase, if any, are stated at fair value. Non-negotiable certificates of deposit and all other investments, if any, are reported at cost.

f. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Amounts owed to/from the County are reported as due from/to the Primary Government.

Advances between funds, if any, reported in the fund financial statements are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report, if any, are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., bike trails, paths, roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year except for land improvements, where the cost must be greater than \$50,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Buildings preserve improvements and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Land/preserve improvements	8-20
Vehicles	7-20
Equipment	3-25

i. Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to vacation/sick leave based on their length of employment. Vacation/sick leave either vests or accumulates and is accrued when earned.

Vested or accumulated vacation/sick leave attributable to employees who were no longer employed as of December 31, 2007 but have yet to be paid out is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation/sick leave is recorded as an expense and liability of governmental activities at the government-wide level as the benefits accrue to employees.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, if any, are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and gain (loss) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs and the gain (loss) on refunding are reported as unamortized bond costs and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

k. Fund Balances/Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. None of the District's net assets are restricted as a result of enabling legislation adopted by the District. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt is the net cost (book value) of the capital assets, less the principal of any long-term debt outstanding that was issued to construct, purchase or otherwise acquire the capital asset.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Investment of the District's funds, by statute, is vested with the County Treasurer. The County Treasurer's investment policy guides the investments of the County and the District. The investment policy permits the County and the District to make deposits\investments in insured commercial banks located within and in close proximity to the County, obligations of the U.S. Treasury (bills), money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed (implicitly or explicitly) by the United States and Illinois Funds.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

It is the policy of the County and the District to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the County and the District and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objective of the policy is legality, safety (preservation of capital and protection of investment principal), liquidity and yield.

a. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 105% (110% if collateral pledged is not guaranteed by the U.S. Government) for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by an independent third party acting as the County's agent. All of the County's deposits were covered by either FDIC or collateral at December 31, 2007.

b. Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the County and the District limit their exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed within a short-term (annual) period. The investment policy does not limit the maximum maturity length of investments. However, the policy does require the County and the District to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and prohibits the selling of securities prior to maturity.

The County and the District limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government (U.S. Treasury Obligations) and certificates of deposit.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the County and the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the County's and the District's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the County's agent separate from where the investment was purchased.

Concentration of credit risk - The County's and the District's investment policy requires diversification of the portfolio but does not contain any specific diversification targets.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2006 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2006, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the same year by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance. Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2007, and are payable in two installments on or about June 1, 2007 and September 1, 2007. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

The District has elected, under governmental accounting standards, to match its property tax revenues to the fiscal year that the tax levy is intended to finance. Therefore, the entire 2007 tax levy has been recorded as a receivable and as deferred revenue on the financial statements.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the thirteen months ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance December 1,			Balance December 31,
	2006	Increases	Decreases	2007
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,288,342	\$ 770,214	\$ -	\$ 3,058,556
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,288,342	770,214	-	3,058,556
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	524,779	51,668	-	576,447
Buildings	299,553	=	-	299,553
Equipment	42,145	-	-	42,145
Vehicles	85,581	=	=	85,581
Total capital assets being depreciated	952,058	51,668	-	1,003,726
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	179,734	27,550	-	207,284
Buildings	178,677	8,113	-	186,790
Equipment	1,897	4,566	-	6,463
Vehicles	35,853	11,077	-	46,930
Total accumulated depreciation	396,161	51,306	-	447,467
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	555,897	362	-	556,259
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 2,844,239	\$ 770,576	\$ -	\$ 3,614,815

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Culture and recreation	_	\$	51,306
	TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_	\$	51,306
5.	LEGAL DEBT MARGIN			
	ASSESSED VALUATION - 2006 (latest available)	\$ 1,	973	,482,590
	Legal debt limit - 2.3% of assessed valuation Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	\$	45	,390,100

Chapter 70, Act 805, Section 13 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides that the District: "...may not become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.3% of the assessed value of such taxable property therein, as ascertained by the last equalized assessment for the State and County purposes. No district may incur (a) indebtedness in excess of .3% of the assessed value of taxable property in the district, as ascertained by the last equalized assessment for the State and County purposes, for the development of forest preserve lands held by the district, or (b) indebtedness for any other purpose except the acquisition of land...." unless the proposition to issue bonds or otherwise incur indebtedness is certified by the board to the proper election officials who shall submit the proposition at an election in accordance with the general election law and approved majority of those voting upon the proposition.

45,390,100

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year:

	Ва	alances					E	Balances		
	Dec	ember 1,					Dec	cember 31,	Current	
		2006	Ado	ditions	Reduction	ns		2007	Portion	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Compensated absences	\$	30,966	\$	3,337	\$	-	\$	34,303	\$	_

7. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The District's defined benefit pension plan (the Plan), Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF is an agent multiple employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the Plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan as a whole but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer rate for calendar year 2007 was 12.52% of payroll. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by IMRF Board of Trustees.

For December 31, 2007, the District's annual pension cost of \$28,286 was equal to the District's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10.0% per year, depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2007 was 25 years.

7. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Employer annual pension costs (APC), actual contributions and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

		Annual			
For	J	Pension	Percentage	N	let
Calendar		Cost	of APC	Pen	sion
Year		(APC)	Contributed	Oblig	gation
2005	\$	24,386	100.00%	\$	-
2006		30,301	100.00%		-
2007		28,286	100.00%		-

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District has purchased insurance from private insurance companies for covered risks. For the health coverage, the District was self-insured through the County through December 31, 2002. As of January 1, 2003, the District and the County discontinued the self-insured health coverage plan and purchased third party indemnity insurance to limit its exposure. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures in the General Fund.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		2007		2007		2007		2006
		Original		Final				
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Actual
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,043,500	\$	1,043,500	\$	1,051,450	\$	471,578
Intergovernmental	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	10,948	Ψ	30,545
Interest income		8,000		8,000		22,905		21,577
Miscellaneous		78,600		79,575		170,530		129,885
		,		,		,		
Total revenues		1,130,100		1,131,075		1,255,833		653,585
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation								
Personnel services		374,000		426,475		382,159		310,981
Commodities and services		98,200		110,000		95,724		89,134
Supplies and materials		52,900		61,900		51,369		40,890
Capital outlay		667,300		735,655		889,409		110,016
Total expenditures		1,192,400		1,334,030		1,418,661		551,021
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(62,300)	\$	(202,955)		(162,828)		102,564
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 1, 2006						492,037		389,473
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2007					\$	329,209	\$	492,037

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

December 31, 2007

				(2) Actuarial				(4)			UAAL As a	
Actuarial		(1)		Accrued		(3)	TI	(4) Infunded			As a Percentage	
Valuation		(1) Actuarial			т	(3) Funded	U			(5)	of Covered	
	_			Liability	_			AAL		(5)		
Date		Value of		(AAL)		Ratio	(UAAL)		Covered	Payroll	
December 31,		Assets	F	Entry-Age	(1	1) / (2)	((2) - (1)		Payroll	(4)/(5)	
2002	\$	625,761	\$	737,351		84.87%	\$	111,590	\$	192,212	58.06%	
2002	Ψ	023,701	Ψ	737,331		07.07/0	Ψ	111,570	Ψ	172,212	30.0070	
2003		666,568		801,236		83.19%		134,668		195,157	69.00%	
2004		686,020		908,523		75.51%		222,503		208,269	106.83%	
2005		769,050		913,689		84.17%		144,639		194,931	74.20%	
2006		866,576		1,028,606		84.25%		162,030		205,712	78.77%	
2007		990,649		1,177,398		84.14%		186,749		225,925	82.66%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

December 31, 2007

Calendar Year	nployer tributions	P	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage Contributed
2002	\$ 17,049	\$	17,049	100.00%
2003	18,423		18,423	100.00%
2004	24,951		24,951	100.00%
2005	24,386		24,386	100.00%
2006	30,301		30,301	100.00%
2007	28,286		28,286	100.00%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2007

BUDGETS

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund. The annual appropriation lapses at fiscal year end.

The Forest Preserve Committee prepares an operating budget which summarizes the appropriation units, and recommends the proposed appropriations. Public hearings on the proposed appropriations are conducted. The appropriations are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The budget may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the line-item level. During the period, supplementary appropriations were approved.



SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	2007	2007	2007	2006
	Original	Final		·
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual
TAXES				
Property	\$ 1,033,000	\$ 1,033,000	\$ 1,032,376	\$ 456,041
Replacement	10,500	10,500	19,074	15,537
Total taxes	 1,043,500	1,043,500	1,051,450	471,578
INTERGOVERNMENTAL	-	-	10,948	30,545
INVESTMENT INCOME	8,000	8,000	22,905	21,577
MISCELLANEOUS				
Farm rental	13,000	13,000	22,627	19,573
Shelter house/camping fees	10,600	10,600	13,347	13,086
Donations	-	-	8,100	50
NREC	25,000	25,975	24,025	30,414
DeKalb Community Foundation	-	-	1,031	4,000
Afton Wetland Bank fees	-	-	101,400	59,364
Wetland Donation	30,000	30,000	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	3,398
Total miscellaneous	 78,600	79,575	170,530	129,885
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 1,130,100	\$ 1,131,075	\$ 1,255,833	\$ 653,585

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		2007		2007		2007		2006
	(Original		Final				
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Actual
PERSONNEL SERVICE								
Regular salaries and wages	\$	211,000	\$	235,000	\$	211,077	\$	181,607
Boards and commissions	-	6,500	7	9,000	7	6,200	_	4,810
Deferred compensation		3,800		3,800		4,777		4,072
Seasonal		56,000		63,000		53,589		36,065
Longevity pay		3,800		3,800		4,260		3,588
Health insurance		38,000		42,000		37,468		33,412
Life insurance		600		600		638		575
FICA		20,500		22,500		20,093		16,588
Retirement - IMRF		33,000		35,000		32,302		29,574
IMRF reserve		-		10,975		10,975		-
Unemployment insurance		800		800		780		690
Total personnel service		374,000		426,475		382,159		310,981
COMMODITIES AND SERVICES								
Travel and meetings		1,500		1,500		1,231		1,265
Environmental education		17,000		17,000		17,000		16,000
Public notices		500		500		281		931
Membership		300		300		422		425
Maintenance - vehicles		6,500		10,000		5,771		2,378
Maintenance - building and grounds		9,500		13,000		9,428		6,748
Maintenance - equipment		1,000		1,000		906		555
Postage		500		500		426		293
Utilities - telephone		6,000		6,000		5,303		4,823
Utilities - electricity		5,000		5,000		6,106		4,508
Commercial services		5,000		5,000		4,980		4,615
Professional services		4,000		4,000		4,593		4,018
Insurance premiums		9,800		11,600		9,742		8,261
Contribution to agencies		2,100		2,100		1,487		969
Community foundation		-		-		-		5,982
NREC expenses		25,000		25,000		24,000		25,000
Other expenses		4,500		7,500		4,048		2,363
Total commodities and services		98,200		110,000		95,724		89,134

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)

		2007		2007		2007		2006
		Original		Final				
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Actual
SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS								
Supplies Supplies	\$	22,500	\$	24,000	\$	22,549	\$	17,589
Fuels and lubricants	Ψ	26,000	Ψ	32,000	Ψ	25,225	Ψ	19,022
Vehicular parts		1,000		1,000		424		998
Machine and equipment parts		2,500		4,000		2,145		2,073
Clothing		900		900		1,026		1,208
Ciouning		900		900		1,020		1,208
Total supplies and materials		52,900		61,900		51,369		40,890
CAPITAL OUTLAY								
Development improvements		15,300		15,300		9,770		10,608
Other staff improvements		6,000		6,000		3,298		7,519
Land acquisition		610,000		610,000		769,645		800
Potawatomi Woods		_		_		_		36,107
Wetland mitigation		30,000		98,355		99,024		3,737
Construction equipment		-		-		-		16,472
Vehicles and equipment		6,000		6,000		7,672		34,773
		·				·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total capital outlay		667,300		735,655		889,409		110,016
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	1,192,400	\$	1,334,030	\$	1,418,661	\$	551,021

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES AND EXTENSIONS

Last Nine Tax Levy Years

Tax Levy Year		2006		2005			2004			2003			2002	
Assessed Valuation	\$	1,973,482,590	\$	1,699	1,699,140,609	\$	1,532	1,534,517,472	\$	1,463	1,463,872,794	\$	1,37	1,375,430,314
	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Ar	Amount	Rate*	4	Amount	Rate*	\ \	Amount	Rate*	•	Amount
Tax Extensions Corporate FICA IMRF Tort	0.0517 0.0010 0.0017 0.0004	\$ 975,593 18,674 31,124 8,111	0.2347 0.0011 0.0018 0.0004	≶	398,788 18,521 31,094 8,156	0.0241 0.0012 0.0018 0.0006	∽	370,279 17,647 26,854 8,133	0.0239 0.0012 0.0018 0.0006	∽	349,719 17,567 26,057 8,051	0.0245 0.0013 0.0012 0.0005	↔	336,430 17,055 19,119 8,115
TOTAL	0.0548 \$	\$ 1,033,502	0.2380	\$	456,559	0.0277	\$	422,913	0.0275	\$	401,394	0.0275	\$	380,719
Tax Levy Year				2001			2000			1999			1998	
Assessed Valuation			↔	1,313	1,313,044,406	↔	1,249	1,249,858,572	\$	1,186	1,186,265,246	↔	1,13	1,133,173,030
			Rate*	Ar	Amount	Rate*	∀	Amount	Rate*	4	Amount	Rate*	⋖	Amount
Tax Extensions Corporate FICA IMRF			0.0246 0.0012 0.0013 0.0006	⇔	322,484 16,019 18,120 8,009	0.0241 0.0012 0.0014 0.0007	∽	301,216 14,998 17,498 8,749	0.0237 0.0013 0.0015 0.0007	≶	281,145 15,421 17,794 8,304	0.0234 0.0014 0.0018 0.0008	∽	265,163 15,864 20,397 9,065
TOTAL			0.0277	8	364,632	0.0274	↔	342,461	0.0272	\$	322,664	0.0274	↔	310,489

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS

Last Nine Tax Levy Years

Tax Levy Year		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003	(1	2004		2005	72	2006
COLLECTIONS	↔	311,653 \$	↔		~	342,246	∽	364,188	↔	381,550	↔	322,674 \$ 342,246 \$ 364,188 \$ 381,550 \$ 401,654 \$ 422,988 \$ 456,041 \$ 1,032,376		422,988	∽	456,041 \$	1,	032,376
LEVY AS EXTENDED	↔	310,489 \$	↔	322,664	∽	342,461	↔	364,632	↔	380,719	↔	322,664 \$ 342,461 \$ 364,632 \$ 380,719 \$ 401,394 \$ 422,913 \$ 456,559 \$ 1,033,502		422,913	↔	456,559 \$	1,	033,502
PERCENT COLLECTED		100.37%		100.00%		99.94%		%88.66		100.22%		100.06%		100.02%		99.89%		%68.66

Data Source

Office of the County Treasurer