DEKALB COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS (A Component Unit of DeKalb County, Illinois)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

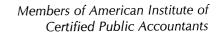


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1415 W. Diehl Road, Suite 400 • Naperville, IL 60563

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Chairman Members of the Board of Commissioners DeKalb County Public Building Commission Sycamore, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the DeKalb County Public Building Commission (the PBC), Sycamore, Illinois, a component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the PBC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the PBC's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the DeKalb County Public Building Commission, Sycamore, Illinois, as of December 31, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The PBC adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions during the year ended December 31, 2011. The statement changed the classifications of governmental fund balances and clarified the definitions of existing fund types. The adoption of this statement had no effect on any of the PBC's governmental funds' assets or liabilities nor was there any effect to the total amount of any of the PBC's governmental fund balances as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The PBC has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the DeKalb County Public Building Commission's basic financial statements. The supplementary financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

/hl/22P

Naperville, Illinois March 22, 2012

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2011

	Primary Government						
	Governmental			siness-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
ACCETC							
ASSETS Cook and investments	\$	2 722 174	ф	210 222	Φ	4.052.206	
Cash and investments	Þ	3,733,174	\$	319,222	\$	4,052,396	
Receivables, net of allowance,							
where applicable Leases				4 275 000		4 275 000	
Unamortized bond issuance costs		-		4,275,000		4,275,000	
		-		41,378		41,378	
Advance to DeKalb County		655,113		-		655,113	
Capital assets not being depreciated		493,284		-		493,284	
Capital assets being depreciated		10 002 114				10 002 114	
(net of accumulated depreciation)		18,893,114		-		18,893,114	
Total assets		23,774,685		4,635,600		28,410,285	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		5,733		_		5,733	
Accrued interest payable		-		14,443		14,443	
Unearned revenue		-		97,214		97,214	
Noncurrent liabilities							
Due within one year		-		790,000		790,000	
Due in more than one year		-		3,557,058		3,557,058	
Total liabilities		5,733		4,458,715		4,464,448	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt		19,386,398		_		19,386,398	
Unrestricted		4,382,554		176,885		4,559,439	
		1,502,55T		170,003		1,557, 157	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	23,768,952	\$	176,885	\$	23,945,837	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues						
					Operating		Cap	oital	
			(Charges	Gran	ts and	Gran	ts and	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Е	Expenses	for	Services	Contri	butions	Contributions		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
Governmental Activities									
Administration	\$	648,612	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Interest		47,863		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		696,475		-		-			
Business-Type Activities									
Sinking Fund		195,643		244,201		-		-	
Total business-type activities		195,643		244,201		-			
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	892,118	\$	244,201	\$	-	\$		

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Change in Net Assets

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
	\$ (648,612) (47,863)		\$ (648,612) (47,863)		
	(696,475)	-	(696,475)		
		48,558	48,558		
		48,558	48,558		
	(696,475)	48,558	(647,917)		
General Revenues Investment income Contributions from DeKalb County Miscellaneous Transfers in (out)	57,413 1,546,113 7,100 25,000	706 - - (25,000)	58,119 1,546,113 7,100		
Total	1,635,626	(24,294)	1,611,332		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	939,151	24,264	963,415		
NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 2011	22,829,801	152,621	22,982,422		
NET ASSETS, DECEMBER 31, 2011	\$ 23,768,952	\$ 176,885	\$ 23,945,837		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2011

	General	In	Capital nprovement Reserve	Re	Renewal and eplacement Sycamore Campus	(Renewal and eplacement Community Outreach Building	enewal and eplacement Health	R	enewal and eplacement iblic Safety	Community Outreach Building	Total
ASSETS												
Cash and investments Advance to DeKalb County	\$ 12,130	\$	848,347 655,113	\$	822,690 -	\$	150,259	\$ 1,680,138	\$	219,610	\$ - -	\$ 3,733,174 655,113
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,130	\$	1,503,460	\$	822,690	\$	150,259	\$ 1,680,138	\$	219,610	\$ -	\$ 4,388,287
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$ 500	\$	-	\$	5,233	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,733
Total liabilities	 500		-		5,233		-	-		-	-	5,733
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable - long-term receivable Unrestricted	-		655,113		-		-	-		-	-	655,113
Assigned for capital purposes	-		848,347		817,457		150,259	1,680,138		219,610	-	3,715,811
Unassigned	 11,630		-		-		-	-		-	-	11,630
Total fund balances	 11,630		1,503,460		817,457		150,259	1,680,138		219,610		4,382,554
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 12,130	\$	1,503,460	\$	822,690	\$	150,259	\$ 1,680,138	\$	219,610	\$ -	\$ 4,388,287

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2011

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 4,382,554
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	19,386,398
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 23,768,952

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Capital Improvement Reserve	Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus	Renewal and Replacement Community Outreach Building	Renewal and Replacement Health	Renewal and Replacement Public Safety	Community Outreach Building	Total
REVENUES	Ф 00	¢ 47.962	¢ 2.642	Φ 222	¢ 4.410	ф соо ф	105	¢ 57.412
Investment income Contributions from DeKalb County	\$ 80	\$ 47,863	\$ 3,642 166,000	\$ 233 50,000	\$ 4,410 275,000	\$ 690 \$	5 495 1,055,113	\$ 57,413 1,546,113
Miscellaneous	-	-	100,000	50,000	273,000	-	7,100	7,100
Miscentificous							7,100	7,100
Total revenues	80	47,863	169,642	50,233	279,410	690	1,062,708	1,610,626
EXPENDITURES								
Current Administration	35,408							35,408
Debt service	33,406	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,406
Interest	_	_	_	-	_	_	47,863	47,863
Capital outlay	-	-	14,813	-	-	18,335	17,355	50,503
Total expenditures	35,408	-	14,813	-	-	18,335	65,218	133,774
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(35,328)	47,863	154,829	50,233	279,410	(17,645)	997,490	1,476,852
OTHER EINANGING COLIRCES (LISES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	41,307		47,863				_	89,170
Transfers (out)	41,307	(47,863)	47,803	_	-	-	(16,307)	(64,170)
Tunisions (out)		(17,003)					(10,507)	(01,170)
Total other financing sources (uses)	41,307	(47,863)	47,863	-	-	-	(16,307)	25,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	5,979	-	202,692	50,233	279,410	(17,645)	981,183	1,501,852
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1, 2011	5,651	1,503,460	614,765	100,026	1,400,728	237,255	(981,183)	2,880,702
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31, 2011	\$ 11,630	\$ 1,503,460	\$ 817,457	\$ 150,259	\$ 1,680,138	\$ 219,610 \$	-	\$ 4,382,554

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,501,852
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	

(562,701)

939,151

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$

reported as expenditures in governmental funds

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

December 31, 2011

	Business-
	Type Activities
	Sinking Fund
	<u>Shiking Fund</u>
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 319,222
Lease receivable	790,000
Total current assets	1,109,222
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Receivables	
Lease	3,485,000
Other assets	
Unamortized issuance costs	41,378
Total noncurrent assets	3,526,378
Total assets	4,635,600
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accrued interest payable	14,443
Unearned revenue	97,214
Revenue bonds payable	790,000
Total current liabilities	901,657
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	2.557.050
Revenue bonds payable	3,557,058
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,557,058
Total liabilities	4,458,715
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	176,885
	<u> </u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 176,885

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

	Business- Type Activities Sinking Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Rental from DeKalb County	\$ 244,201
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration Commercial services	600
Total operating expenses	600
OPERATING INCOME	243,601
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income Interest expense Amortization of loss on refunding Amortization of bond premium Amortization of bond issuance costs Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	706 (201,179) (3,333) 17,745 (8,276)
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	49,264
TRANSFER (OUT)	(25,000)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	24,264
NET ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 2011	152,621
NET ASSETS, DECEMBER 31, 2011	\$ 176,885

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

	Business- Type Activities Sinking Fund
CASH ELOWS EDOM ODED ATING ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Rental receipts from DeKalb County Payments to suppliers	\$ 991,535 (600)
Net cash from operating activities	990,935
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfer (out)	(25,000)
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	(25,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds	(760,000) (203,713)
interest pard on revenue bonds	(203,/13)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(963,713)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments	706
Net cash from investing activities	706
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,928
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1, 2011	316,294
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31, 2011	\$ 319,222
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities	\$ 243,601
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Leases receivable Unearned revenue	760,000 (12,666)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 990,935

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The DeKalb County Public Building Commission (the PBC) is a quasi-governmental unit created by the DeKalb County Board in May 1978 under the authority of Chapter 50, Act 20 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

The financial statements of the PBC have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the PBC's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The PBC is governed by a five-member board appointed to staggered five-year terms by the DeKalb County Board. The PBC is responsible for the construction, refurbishing and/or maintenance of county buildings for which lease agreements are executed with DeKalb County (the County). As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present all funds of the PBC. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which a primary government is financially accountable. There are no component units included. However, the PBC is considered to be a component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois, since its sole purpose is to finance, construct and maintain certain of the County's public buildings.

b. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the PBC are organized and operated on the basis of funds. Funds are independent fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. A minimum number of funds are maintained for this purpose.

The following fund categories (further defined by fund type) are used by the PBC:

Governmental Funds are used to account for the PBC's general activities. The General Fund is the primary operating fund, accounting for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Capital Projects Funds account for funds restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not financed by another fund.

b. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Enterprise Funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities are provided to outside parties (enterprise funds). Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds*, the PBC has chosen to apply all GASB pronouncements as well as those FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 to account for enterprise funds.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the PBC. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes or intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The PBC reports the following major governmental funds:

The General (Corporate) Fund is the PBC's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

DEKALB COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The following capital projects funds are also major governmental funds:

The Capital Improvement Reserve Fund is used to account for funds assigned for future improvements to the County's facilities.

The Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by the County to the PBC and assigned for capital replacement.

The Renewal and Replacement Community Outreach Building Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by the County and assigned for the Community Outreach Building to the PBC.

The Renewal and Replacement Health Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by the Health Facility to the PBC assigned for capital outlay.

The Renewal and Replacement Public Safety Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by Public Safety to the PBC.

The Community Outreach Building Fund is used to account for funds assigned for the construction and maintenance of a new social service building.

The PBC also reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sinking Fund is used to account for the lease payment from the County and the related payments on the 2005 lease revenue refunding bonds.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund are directly attributable to its operation of the funds.

DEKALB COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred.

The PBC reports unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, or is measurable but not earned under the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the PBC before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the PBC has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the PBC's proprietary fund considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments with a maturity greater than one year at time of purchase, if any, are stated at fair value. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and all other investments are reported at cost.

f. Interfund Transactions

Interfund service transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund service transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

g. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, if any, reported in the fund financial statements are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the PBC as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, except for land improvements, where the cost must be greater than \$50,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Buildings, building improvements and land improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	10
Land improvements	8-20

i. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and gain (loss) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs and the gain (loss) on refunding are reported as unamortized bond costs and unamortized loss (gain) on refunding and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

j. Fund Balances/Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities or from enabling legislation adopted by the PBC. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the PBC's Board, which is considered the PBC's highest level of decision making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the PBC's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the PBC's treasurer. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund, including fund balance targets and any deficit fund balance of any other governmental fund is reported as unassigned.

The PBC's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the PBC considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned funds and then unassigned funds.

j. Fund Balances/Net Assets (Continued)

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose or from enabling legislation. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt issued to acquire or construct the capital assets.

None of the restricted net assets or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the PBC.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The PBC maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the PBC's funds. The PBC operates under an investment policy that limits the PBC to make deposits/ investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, investment grade obligations of state and local governments, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, Illinois Funds and local government investment pools.

It is the policy of the PBC to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the PBC and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objective of the policy is legality, safety (preservation of capital and protection of investment principal), liquidity and yield.

a. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the PBC's deposits may not be returned to it. The PBC's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by an independent third party acting as the PBC's agent. All of the County's deposits were covered by either FDIC or collateral held by an independent third party acting as the PBC's agent at December 31, 2011.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the PBC limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed within a short-term (annual) period. The investment policy limits the maximum maturity length of investments to five years. In addition, the policy does require the PBC to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and prohibits the selling of securities prior to maturity except in limited circumstances.

The PBC limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government (U.S. Treasury obligations and U.S. agency obligations).

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the PBC will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the PBC's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the PBC's agent separate from where the investment was purchased.

Concentration of credit risk - The PBC's investment requires diversification of the portfolio and does not permit greater than 67% of the portfolio to be invested in any one institution or investment vehicle, other than U.S. Treasury obligations.

In addition, the PBC's investment policy prohibits the investment in any type of derivative.

DEKALB COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 493,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 493,284
Total capital assets not being depreciated	493,284	-	-	493,284
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	31,553	-	-	31,553
Buildings	23,973,728	-	-	23,973,728
Building improvements	322,994	-	-	322,994
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,328,275	-	-	24,328,275
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	1,578	1,578	-	3,156
Buildings and improvements	4,870,882	561,123	-	5,432,005
Total accumulated depreciation	4,872,460	562,701	-	5,435,161
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,455,815	(562,701)		18,893,114
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$19,949,099	\$ (562,701)	\$ -	\$19,386,398
CHITTE ABBLID, NET	Ψ12,272,022	ψ (302,701)	Ψ -	Ψ17,300,370

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Administration \$ 562,701

TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 562,701

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE

a. Operating Lease

The PBC has entered into an operating lease agreement with the County which requires the following annual rentals due from the County on November 1 of the year indicated.

Year		
2012	\$	2,100,000
2013	4	2,225,000
2014		2,365,000
2015		2,515,000
2016		2,670,000
2017		2,825,000
2018		3,000,000
2019		3,175,000
2020		3,360,000
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	24,235,000

The PBC is responsible for maintenance, operation, upkeep and safekeeping of the County Government Complex (the Complex). The County may be responsible for paying costs of operating and maintaining the Complex to the extent that rentals are not sufficient.

If at any time during the term of this lease all of the financial claims upon the PBC shall be paid in full or provision made for such payment, then this lease may, at the option of the County, be terminated by written notice to the PBC.

Revenues received from the County in the form of lease payments are to be credited to funds as follows:

1) Operating Fund

The annual rent shall be allocated first to the Operating Fund to provide for the usual and necessary costs of the PBC of operating, maintaining and managing the Complex including administrative costs and the costs of renting and maintaining office equipment.

DEKALB COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

a. Operating Lease (Continued)

2) Renewal and Replacement Fund

From annual rentals due on and after November 1, 1993, the PBC shall deposit into the Renewal and Replacement Fund the lesser of \$250,000 or the amount required to equal the lesser of \$1,500,000 or an amount to be determined by the County Board in a resolution. Money shall be applied to the payment of nonrecurring major repairs, renewals, replacements or maintenance items and furnishings and equipment. The aggregate amount withdrawn from this fund in any fiscal year may not exceed \$50,000 without the prior approval of the County Board. The required \$1,500,000 has been accumulated in the capital projects governmental fund.

3) Surplus Fund

After allocation of the annual rent to the Operating Fund and the Renewal and Replacement Fund, any remaining amount of the annual rent would be deposited here.

b. Financing Lease

During 1997, the PBC entered into a new financing lease with the County for construction of a new County Nursing Home/Health Department facilities, which were constructed with the proceeds of the 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds. During fiscal year 2005, the PBC issued the Series 2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund, through a crossover refunding, the 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds maturing after December 1, 2007. As part of the refunding, a new financing lease was entered into with the County.

The PBC is responsible for maintenance, operation, upkeep and safekeeping of the County Nursing Home/Health Department. The County may be responsible for paying costs of operating and maintaining the Nursing Home/Health Department to the extent that rentals are not sufficient.

If at any time during the term of this lease all of the financial claims upon the PBC shall be paid in full or provision made for such payment, then this lease may, at the option of the County, be terminated by written notice to the PBC.

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

b. Financing Lease (Continued)

Lease rentals receivable from the County are as follows:

Fiscal		Lease
Year	F	ayments
2012	\$	972,513
2013		970,313
2014		971,813
2015		967,013
2016		969,656
Total lease payments		4,851,308
Less interest and expenses		(576,308)
NET LEAGE DEGENIA DI E	Φ.	4.055.000
NET LEASE RECEIVABLE		4,275,000

Revenues received from the County in the form of lease payments are to be credited to the lease revenue fund as follows:

Administrative Account - \$25,000 per year to be used to pay the administrative expenses of the commission.

Sinking Fund Account - sufficient amounts to pay the principal and interest on the next due date(s).

Surplus Account - any residual amounts to be used to cure deficiencies in the sinking fund account, administrative account, pay rebates, if any, fund the needs of the project and pay any other costs of the PBC.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Balances January 1, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Balances December 31, 2011	Current Portion
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Public Building Commission Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 Unamortized loss on refunding Unamortized bond premium	\$ 5,035,000 (20,000) 106,470	\$ - - -	\$ 760,000 (3,333) 17,745	\$ 4,275,000 (16,667) 88,725	\$ 790,000 - -
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,121,470	\$ -	\$ 774,412	\$ 4,347,058	\$ 790,000

5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

On June 1, 2005, the PBC issued \$7,155,000 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, dated June 1, 2005 to advance refund, through a crossover refunding, the 2008-2016 principal maturities of the 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds on December 1, 2007 (the crossover date) and to pay the interest on the 2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds through December 1, 2007. The 2005 bonds are due serially from December 1, 2008 through December 1, 2016 in amounts ranging from \$685,000 - \$925,000. Interest is payable semiannually each June 1 and December 1 at amounts ranging from 3.50% - 4.25%.

The bonds are secured by a lease with the County (see Note 4b). Debt service to maturity is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal Interest Total
2012	\$ 790,000 \$ 173,312 \$ 963,312
2013	820,000 141,712 961,712
2014	855,000 108,913 963,913
2015	885,000 74,712 959,712
2016	925,000 39,314 964,314
TOTAL	\$4,275,000 \$ 537,963 \$4,812,963

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The PBC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The PBC has purchased commercial insurance for surety bond coverage and is included under the liability insurance fund of the County for all other risks. There are no full-time employees of the PBC and the part-time employees are not eligible for health insurance. Therefore, no health insurance is provided and there is no potential other postemployment benefit to be reported.

7. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Individual fund transfers between funds at December 31, 2011 are as follows:

Fund	Т	ransfer To	Transfer From
General	\$	41,307	\$ -
Capital Improvements		-	47,863
Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus		47,863	_
Community Outreach Building		-	16,307
Sinking Fund		-	25,000
TOTAL	\$	89,170	\$ 89,170

The purpose of significant transfers to/from other funds is as follows:

- \$41,307 was transferred to the General Fund. \$16,307 was transferred from the Community Outreach Building to reimburse the General Fund for administrative costs and \$25,000 was transferred from the Sinking Fund for administrative expenses as required by the Bond Indenture (see Note 4b).
- \$47,863 transferred from the Capital Improvements Fund to the Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus Fund is to transfer funds to be used for future renewal and replacement projects.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	(Original		Final		
		Budget		Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Investment income	\$	200	\$	200	\$	80
Total revenues		200		200		80
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Administration						
Salaries		22,000		22,000		23,106
Social security		2,000		2,000		2,150
Illinois municipal retirement		500		500		494
Unemployment		200		200		131
Workers' compensation		300		300		1.011
Computer equipment Schools of instruction		1,000		1,000		1,011
Schools of instruction Travel		500 1,000		500 1,000		140
		1,000		1,000		148
Mileage		200		200		-
Meeting Public notices		200		200		- 75
Maintenance		800		800		4
Telephone		600		600		468
Professional fees		7,600		7,600		7,000
Commercial services		500		500		295
Surety bonds		500		500		275
Supplies		500		500		236
Postage		100		100		15
Miscellaneous		100		100		-
7.1000.141.00 db		100		100		
Total expenditures		38,700		38,700		35,408
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(38,500)		(38,500)		(35,328)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		35,000		35,000		41,307
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(3,500)	\$	(3,500)		5,979
THE CHARGE AND DELETABLE	Ψ	(3,300)	Ψ	(3,300)	•	5,717
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2011						5,651
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011					\$	11,630

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

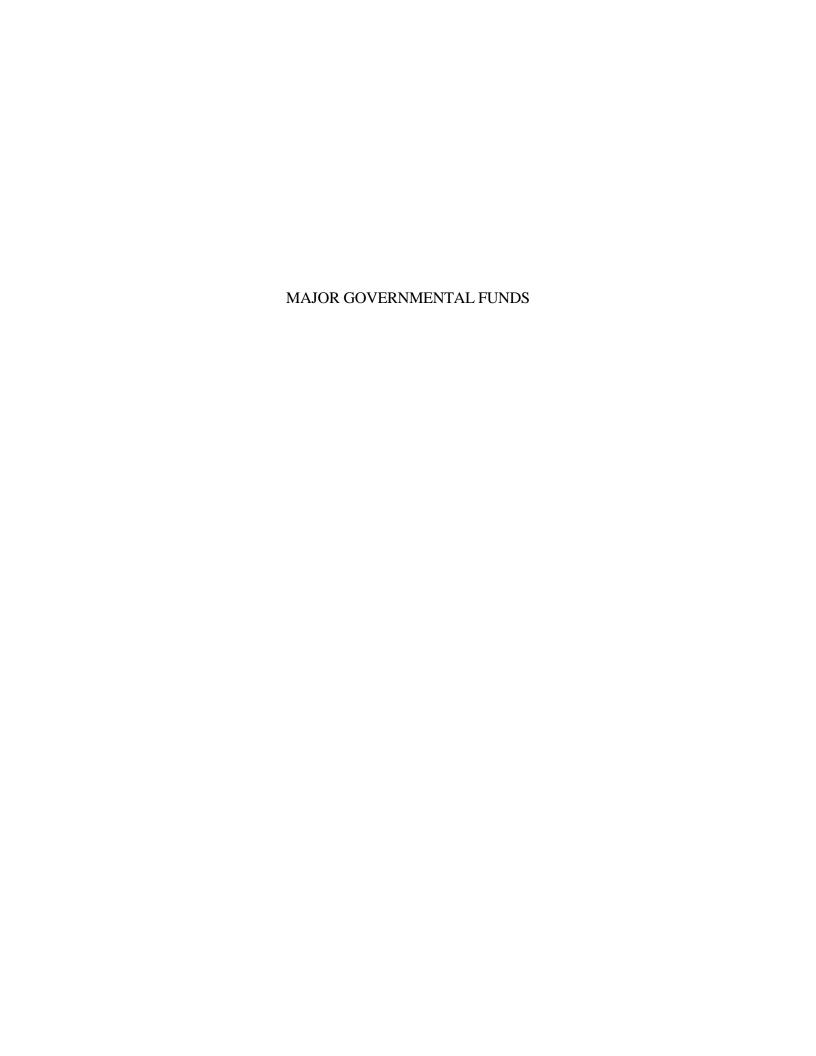
December 31, 2011

1. BUDGETS

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The annual budget lapses at fiscal year end.

The PBC prepares an operating budget which summarizes the budget units and recommends the proposed appropriations. The appropriations are approved by the Board of Commissioners and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. Expenditures may not exceed the budget at the fund level. During the period, no budget amendments were approved.





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RESERVE FUND

	 Final Budget	Actual	ıal	
REVENUES				
Investment income	\$ 48,000	\$ 47,86	53	
Total revenues	 48,000	47,86	53	
EXPENDITURES None				
None	 			
Total expenditures	 			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	48 000	17 04	. 2	
OVER EAFENDITURES	 48,000	47,86)3	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(48,000)	(47,86	53)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(48,000)	(47,86	53)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ _	-		
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2011	-	1,503,46	50	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,503,46	50	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT SYCAMORE CAMPUS FUND

		Final			
		Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Investment income	\$	5,000	\$	3,642	
Contributions from DeKalb County	•	2,000	•	-,- :-	
Sycamore campus		166,000		166,000	
Total revenues		171,000		169,642	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay					
Sycamore campus					
Hyrdo-therm solar project		15,000		14,813	
Capital contingency		10,000		-	
Total expenditures		25,000		14,813	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		146,000		154,829	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		48,000		47,863	
Total other financing sources (uses)		48,000		47,863	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	194,000	:	202,692	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2011				614,765	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011			\$	817,457	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT COMMUNITY OUTREACH BUILDING FUND

	1	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Investment income	\$	1,000	\$	233	
Contributions from DeKalb County					
Community Outreach Building		50,000		50,000	
Total revenues		51,000		50,233	
EXPENDITURES					
None		-			
Total expenditures		-			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	51,000	:	50,233	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2011				100,026	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011			\$	150,259	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT HEALTH FUND

		Final			
		Budget		Actual	
DEVENIUE					
REVENUES Investment income	\$	15,000	\$	4,410	
Contributions from DeKalb County	Ψ	13,000	Ψ	4,410	
Health facility campus		275,000		275,000	
Total revenues		290,000		279,410	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay					
Health facility					
Concrete replacement and repair		10,000		-	
Capital contingency		20,000			
Total expenditures		30,000		_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	260,000		279,410	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2011				1,400,728	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011			\$	1,680,138	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT PUBLIC SAFETY FUND

	_	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES				
Investment income	\$	2,000	\$	690
Total revenues		2,000		690
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Dublic sofety building				
Public safety building Boiler replacement		17,000		18,335
Capital contingency		8,000		-
Total expenditures		25,000		18,335
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(23,000)	=	(17,645)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2011				237,255
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011			\$	219,610

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY OUTREACH FUND

		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES	_		_	
Investment income	\$	_	\$	495
Contribution from DeKalb County		400.000		1 055 110
Health facility campus		400,000		1,055,113
Miscellaneous		-		7,100
Total revenues		400,000		1,062,708
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Interest		48,000		47,863
Capital outlay				
Community outreach building		5,000		6,830
Office furniture and equipment		1,000		25
Storage systems		3,000		-
Professional services		11,000		10,500
Total expenditures		68,000		65,218
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES		332,000		997,490
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers (out)		(18,000)		(16,307)
Total other financina sources (veca)		(19,000)		(16.207)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(18,000)		(16,307)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	314,000		981,183
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), JANUARY 1, 2011				(981,183)
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011			\$	

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Balances January 1, 2011	l a	Additions and Transfers	Retirements and Transfers	Balances December 31, 2011	
HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT						
Land	\$ 684		-	\$ -	\$ 684	
Building	2,197,569		-	-	2,197,569	
Building improvements	39,247		-	-	39,247	
Total highway department	2,237,500)		-	2,237,500	
NURSING AND REHAB CENTER						
Land	3,785		-	-	3,785	
Building	11,869,467		-	-	11,869,467	
Total nursing and rehab center	11,873,252	,	-	-	11,873,252	
PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND COMMUNITY FACILITY						
Land	488,815		-	-	488,815	
Land improvements	31,553		-	-	31,553	
Buildings	4,266,887		-	-	4,266,887	
Building improvements	25,657		-	-	25,657	
Total public health department						
and community facility	4,812,912	,	-		4,812,912	
HEALTH FACILITY STORAGE AND GARAGE						
Building - garage	156,969	1	-	-	156,969	
Building - storage	200,000	1	-	-	200,000	
Total health facility storage and garage	356,969	ı	-	-	356,969	
COMMUNITY OUTREACH CENTER Building	5,540,926	:	-	-	5,540,926	
Total community outreach center	5,540,926		-	-	5,540,926	
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 24,821,559	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 24,821,559	