(A Component Unit of DeKalb County, Illinois)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

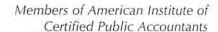
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Chairman Members of the District Board DeKalb County Forest Preserve District Sycamore, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District (the District), Sycamore, Illinois, a discretely presented component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and the related notes to financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District, Sycamore, Illinois, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, during the year ended December 31, 2012. Statement No. 63 added new classifications on the statement of net position and changed net assets to net position. Statement No. 65 changed the classifications of certain items on the statement of net position to the new classifications contained in GASB Statement No. 63.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District's basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements. In our report dated March 22, 2012, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District's financial statements as a whole.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, related to the 2011 financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2011 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2011 combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

The supplemental schedules, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

fill 22

Naperville, Illinois April 17, 2013

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DEKALB COUNTY FOREST PRESERVE DISTRICT DEKALB COUNTY, ILLINOIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-

DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Forest Preserve District Commissioners and the Finance Office of DeKalb County are pleased to present to readers of the financial statements of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

In the past, the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized by fund type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified, and DeKalb County Forest Preserves' Financial Statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Forest Preserve's finances. The new Financial Statements' focus is on both the Forest Preserve as a whole (governmentwide) and on the major fund. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year and government to government), and enhance the Forest Preserve's accountability.

DeKalb County Forest Preserve Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Forest Preserve's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Forest Preserve's financial position (its ability to address the subsequent year's challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

I. Financial Highlights

The Forest Preserve Governmental Activities assets of \$10,969,057 exceeded the liabilities of \$1,559,228 at the close of the fiscal year by \$9,409,829. The Forest Preserve has maintained its employment force and has been able to continue with modest pay increases for its employees. A change in the Forest Preserve in 2011 was establishing the three new funds. These funds are Forest Preserve Land Acquisition, Forest Preserve Retirement and Forest Preserve Tort and Liability. There was money transferred to these funds from the Forest Preserve General Fund, in the amounts of \$607,000 to the Land Acquisition, and \$36,687 was transferred from the Retirement Fund to the General Fund in 2012.

II. Overview of the Financial Statements

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to emulate the corporate sector in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns that add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is the "Unrestricted Net Position" and it is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the private sector. This statement then combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the Forest Preserve District is improving.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Forest Preserve's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year and is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the Forest Preserve's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various government services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Forest Preserve that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Forest Preserve include general governmental activities of culture & recreation.

The DeKalb County Forest Preserve District is a component unit of DeKalb County. Therefore, the financial information of this unit is also reported in the financial information of DeKalb County in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

B. Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Fund Financial Statement allows the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on major funds, rather than (the previous model's) fund types. The funds of the Forest Preserve can be placed into the governmental funds category.

1. Governmental Funds

The Governmental Major Fund presentation is presented on a "sources and uses of liquid resources" basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Major Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources), which is reflected. The flow of current financial resources reflects bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation eliminates these transactions and incorporates the capital assets and long-term obligation (bond and others) into the Governmental Activities column in the Government-Wide statements.

2. Proprietary Funds

The Forest Preserve District has no Proprietary Funds.

3. Fiduciary Funds

The Forest Preserve District has no Fiduciary Funds.

C. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found in this report beginning on page 10.

D. Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Forest Preserve's progress in funding its obligation to provide benefits to its' employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 27-32 of this report.

III. Financial Analysis of the Forest Preserve as a whole

In accordance with GASB Statement 34, a comparison of government-wide information is presented. The current year comparative statements follow:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

A. Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Statement of Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2012

	2012	2011
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	6,302,354	5,760,022
Capital Assets	4,666,703	4,221,604
Total Assets	10,969,057	9,981,626
<u>Liabilities:</u>		
Long-Term Liabilities	39,613	31,284
Other Liabilities	35,615	200,000
Deferred Inflows Of Resources:		
Unearned Property Taxes	1,484,000	1,502,000
Total Liabilities	1,559,228	1,611,927
Net Position:		
Invested in Capital Assets	4,666,703	4,221,604
Restricted:	802,233	703,757
Unrestricted:	3,940,893	3,487,562
Total Net Position	9,409,829	8,412,923

The Forest Preserve's net assets increased during fiscal year 2012 by \$996,906. This increase included an additional \$770,000 that was set aside for land purchase.

Unrestricted net position of (\$3,940,893), includes wetland mitigation (\$310,305), Natural Resource Education – Community Foundation (\$21,057), and Land Acquisition (\$3,393,695). For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Position on Page 4 of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District Component Unit Annual Financial Report.

B. Activities

1. Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the revenues and expenses of the District's activities:

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2012

2. Governmental Revenues

	Governmenta	l Activities
	2012	2011
Revenues		
Program Revenue		
Charges for Services Capital Grants	53,662 235,706	54,637 363,840
General Revenues		
Property Taxes Other Taxes Investment Income Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	1,500,937 37,195 17,756 10,000 8,943	1,502,517 38,473 19,164 0 8,852
Total Revenue	1,571,831	1,987,483
Expenses		
Cultural and Recreation	864,293	793,640
Total Expense	<u>864,293</u>	<u>793,640</u>

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, revenues totaled \$1,341,152 for the Forest Preserve's Governmental Activities. Revenues from the Forest Preserve's largest source of revenues of \$1,538,132 come from the Property Tax revenues. The property tax revenues

make up 95% of the Forest Preserve's total revenue budget. The next largest source of revenues for 2012 is a Capital Grant that makes up 15% of the revenue 2012 budget. Between 2011 and 2012, property tax revenues were steady.

3. Governmental Expenses

DeKalb County Forest Preserve Governmental Activities total expenses amounted to \$864,293. All of the expenses were culture and recreation. The amount of capital outlay expense was \$424,165 for land acquisition, two vehicles and park improvements was 49% of the budget. The largest expenditure for 2012 was personnel services of \$437,462 or 51% of the budget

IV. Financial Analysis of Forest Preserve District's Funds

As of December 31, 2012, the Forest Preserve General Fund, the Forest Preserve Retirement Fund, the Forest Preserve Land Acquisition Fund and the Forest Preserve Tort and Liability Fund had a combined net position total of \$4,782,739 compared with 2011 of \$4,226,738. The fund balance in the Land Acquisition Fund of \$3,343,695 is being held for future land purchases as opportunities become available. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury. The County Treasurer utilizes a competitive bidding system with local financial institutions to assure that the highest return possible is made on funds invested. DeKalb County Forest Preserve earned interest revenue of \$14,756 on all fund type investments for the year ended December 31, 2012 compared with 2011 interest revenue of \$19,164.

The County Treasurer is an elected official charged with the responsibility and authority to handle the investments for the Forest Preserve. The Treasurer's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. All of the funds of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve were insured and collateralized properly as of December 31, 2010.

V. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Table 3
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Income	1,248,000 0 8,000	1,248,000 0 8,000	1,274,191 0 4,356
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	<u>50,000</u> <u>1,306,000</u>	50,000 1,306,000	62,605 1,341,152
EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS			
Expenditures Transfers	705,000 (562,000)	791,200 <u>(562,000)</u>	772,881 <u>(570,313)</u>
Total Expenditures and Transfers	<u>143,000</u>	229,200	<u>192,568</u>
Change in Fund Balance	<u>39,000</u>	<u>(47,200)</u>	<u>2,042</u>

As can be seen above, revenues were higher than original budget by \$35,152 all of this can be attributable to money that was received for the wetland bank of \$163,840 during 2012. Investment income was \$3,644 less due to the lower interest rates on investments.

VI. Capital Assets

The following schedule reflects the District's capital asset balances as of December 31, 2012:

Table 4 Capital Assets As of December 31, 2012

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>			
Land & Land Right of Way	3,984,385	3,614,730			
Buildings	434,297	392,065			
Land Improvements	684,568	632,120			
Equipment	122,070	122,070			
Vehicles	155,496	109,406			
Less:					
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(714,318)</u>	(648,787)			
Total Capital Assets	4,666,703	4,221,604			

The Total Capital Assets for the Forest Preserve increased by \$445,099 in 2012. This increase is the land purchase of additional acres of the Hoppe Farm for \$136,018 which is adjacent to the Russell Woods Forest Preserve. There continues to be restoration work at Prairie Oaks Forest Preserve and the opening of Oak Savannah Forest Preserve that was included in the Land Improvements costs. There continues to be discussions with the Forest Preserve Commissioners and the Forest Preserve Director regarding properties that are or could become available next to existing preserves and wetland properties and it is hoped that property will be purchased during 2013. The Park District has wonderful volunteers that play a key role in many of the natural resource management activities. Boy Scouts and Girl Scouts are the most regular and reliable for the District. Two new volunteer groups began working for the Park District during 2012, the Sigma Nu Fraternity from NIU, that worked the NIU Cares Day, and Opportunity House in Sycamore. Volunteers enjoy the chance to work in a preserve and learn about the natural world. Global Positioning Mapping (GPS) continued during the year with Patty Ruback a consultant and trainer from NIU. Ms. Ruback donates many hours of her time while teaching valuable skills and training in GPS for the Forest Preserve staff.

VII. Long-Term Debt

The Forest Preserve has no General Obligation or Revenue Bonded Debt.

Under the current state statutes, DeKalb County Forest Preserve's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on 2.3 percent of total assessed value of real and personal property. That would allow the Forest Preserve to currently incur debt up to \$46,668,465.

VIII. Economic Factors And Next Year's Budget Issues

The taxable assessed valuation for the Forest Preserve decreased last year by over \$117 million dollars from the previous year for a total of 2,029,063,723. There is concern that the commercial and industrial value only makes up about 21% of the property tax base, which puts a lot of burden on residential property tax payers who make up 69% of the tax base. On-going efforts are in place, however, to bring increased economic development to the County, which will help diversify that tax base.

Population growth with additional subdivisions consuming open farmland presents a challenge for the Forest Preserve. The question where to find new forest preserve land was on the agenda of the Forest Preserve Commissioners and the Director of the Forest Preserve District in 2012. As growth slows due to the economy in DeKalb County, the ability to purchase open space and recreational areas does increase. The balancing act is finding affordable land to purchase for Forest Preserves to help maintain and improve the quality of life for all residents of DeKalb County.

As of this writing, the FY 2013 financial year is well underway. The next budget to be developed will be the FY 2014 budget. It will be discussed in the fall of 2013 for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2014. Budget issues that the Forest Preserve Commissioners and the Forest Preserve Committee will be discussing will be continuing to develop the new Potawatomi Woods 293 acres purchased during fiscal year 2002 as well as land acquisition for additional Forest Preserves. The continued increase in costs for Health Insurance and Pensions will also put a strain on the budget. The Forest Preserve continues to fully comply with the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (P-TELL) that was approved by the voters in April 1999. The challenge of providing the best services with the best staff and keeping costs in line with available revenues continues to be the goal of the Forest Preserve staff as well as the Forest Preserve Commissioners.

IX. Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Forest Preserve finances and to demonstrate the Forest Preserve's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to either Terry Hannan, Superintendent of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve at 110 E. Sycamore Street, Sycamore, IL 60178 or Peter Stefan, Finance Director, DeKalb County Government, Finance Office, 200 N. Main Street, Sycamore, IL 60178.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2012

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	Ф. 4.700.041
Cash and investments	\$ 4,788,841
Receivables, net of allowance,	
where applicable	1 404 000
Property taxes	1,484,000
Accounts	24,214
Accrued interest	1,421
Prepaid expenses	3,878
Capital assets not being depreciated	3,984,385
Capital assets being depreciated	(02.210
(net of accumulated depreciation)	682,318
Total assets	10,969,057
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	23,041
Accrued payroll	12,574
Noncurrent liabilities	12,374
Due within one year	3,791
Due in more than one year	35,822
Due in more than one year	
Total liabilities	75,228
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unearned property taxes	1,484,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,484,000
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	1,559,228
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	4,666,703
Restricted for	, ,
Culture and recreation	293,210
Employee retirement	360,011
Tort and liability	149,012
Unrestricted	3,940,893
TOTAL NET POSITION	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 9,409,829

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	E	Expenses		Charges Services	Op	ogram Revenues perating Grants	Capital Grants	Re O N Go	t (Expense) evenue and Change in et Position vernmental Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities Culture and recreation	\$	864,293	\$	53,662	\$	- \$	235,706	\$	(574,925)
Total governmental activities		864,293		53,662		-	235,706		(574,925)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	864,293	\$	53,662	\$	- \$	235,706	-	(574,925)
			Tax	eral revenue es operty	S				1,500,937
			Ta		t finan	cing surplus			22,609 14,586
				stment incom	me				14,756
				government ellaneous	al				10,000 8,943
			-	Γotal					1,571,831
			СНА	NGE IN N	ET PC	OSITION			996,906
			NET	POSITION	I, JAN	UARY 1, 2012			8,412,923
			NET	POSITION	I, DEC	CEMBER 31, 2012		\$	9,409,829

BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2012

	Majo	or Go	overnmental	Funds	Nonmajor Governmental	<u>_</u>	
	General	I	Retirement	Land Acquisition	Tort & Liability		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 725,375	\$	360,011	\$ 3,545,026	\$ 158,429	\$	4,788,841
Property taxes receivable	1,110,000		250,000	-	124,000		1,484,000
Accounts receivable	24,214		-	-	-		24,214
Accrued interest receivable	1,421		-	-	-		1,421
Prepaid items	3,878		-	=	-		3,878
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,864,888	\$	610,011	\$ 3,545,026	\$ 282,429	\$	6,302,354
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 13,624	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,417	\$	23,041
Accrued payroll	11,243		-	1,331	-		12,574
Total liabilities	24,867		-	1,331	9,417		35,615
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable property taxes	1,110,000		250,000	-	124,000		1,484,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,110,000		250,000	-	124,000		1,484,000
Total liabilities and deferred inflows							
of resources	1,134,867		250,000	1,331	133,417		1,519,615
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable - prepaid items	3,878		-	-	-		3,878
Restricted for land cash	9,788		-	-	-		9,788
Restricted for wetland mitigation	246,261		-	-	-		246,261
Restricted for Natural Resource							
Education Consortium	14,924		-	-	-		14,924
Restricted for "Jeff's Trees" Restricted for natural resource education -	1,000		-	-	-		1,000
Community Foundation	21,057		_	_	_		21,057
Restricted for cabin relocation	180		-	-	-		180
Restricted for employee retirement	-		360,011	-	_		360,011
Restricted for tort and liability	-		-	-	149,012		149,012
Unrestricted							
Assigned for land acquisition	-		-	3,393,695	-		3,393,695
Assigned for land improvements	<u>-</u>		-	140,000	-		140,000
Assigned for cash flows	101,357		-	-	-		101,357
Assigned for special projects	11,700		-	-	-		11,700
Assigned for paid hours off contingency	37,910		-	10 000	-		37,910
Assigned for bike path Unassigned	5,000 276,966		- -	10,000	- -		15,000 276,966
Total fund balances	730,021		360,011	3,543,695	149,012		4,782,739
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	# 1071000	Φ.	(10.011	4.254505 5	Ф. 202.422	Φ.	6 202 25:
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,864,888	\$	610,011	\$ 3,545,026	\$ 282,429	\$	6,302,354

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2012

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 4,782,739
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	4,666,703
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, and the net other postemployment benefit obligation, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds	(39,613)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 9,409,829

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Governmental Funds Governmental Land Tort & General Retirement Acquisition Liability				- Total
D					_
REVENUES	Ф 1074101	Ф 120.077	Φ.	Ф 124.064	Ф. 1.520.122
Taxes	\$ 1,274,191	\$ 139,877		\$ 124,064	\$ 1,538,132
Intergovernmental Investment income	1 256	- 079	10,000	754	10,000
Miscellaneous	4,356 62,605	978	8,668	754	14,756
Miscenaneous	02,003	-	-	-	62,605
Total revenues	1,341,152	140,855	18,668	124,818	1,625,493
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Culture and recreation	592,809	-	25,276	27,242	645,327
Capital outlay	180,072	-	207,328	36,765	424,165
Total expenditures	772,881	-	232,604	64,007	1,069,492
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	568,271	140,855	(213,936)	60,811	556,001
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	36,687	-	607,000	-	643,687
Transfers (out)	(607,000)	(36,687)	-	-	(643,687)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(570,313)	(36,687)	607,000	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,042)	104,168	393,064	60,811	556,001
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012	732,063	255,843	3,150,631	88,201	4,226,738
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012	\$ 730,021	\$ 360,011	\$ 3,543,695	\$ 149,012	\$ 4,782,739

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 556,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however,	
they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	274,719
Contributions of capital assets are reported only in the statement of activities	235,706
The change in compensated absences payable and the net other postemployment benefit payable is reported as an expenditure when paid in governmental funds but as incurred on the statement of activities	(4,194)
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(65,326)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 996,906

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the DeKalb County Forest Preserve District (the District), Sycamore, Illinois, a component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois (the County), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the same 24-member board as DeKalb County. The District does have the authority to prepare and approve its own budget, to levy taxes and to obtain financing. There are no component units included in the District. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which a primary government is financially accountable. However, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, the District is considered to be a discretely presented component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois.

b. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. Funds are independent fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. A minimum number of funds are maintained for this purpose.

The following fund categories (further defined by fund type) are used by the District:

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds) and the funds committed, restricted or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the District not accounted for in some other fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Retirement Fund accounts for the funds restricted for the District's expenditures for employee retirement.

The Land Acquisition Fund accounts for the funds assigned for the District's purchases of land.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance, regardless of when collected). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year budgeted for (intended to finance), if collected within 60 days after year end.

A 60-day period is used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes and replacement taxes. Rental revenues and donations are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, if any, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports unearned revenue and unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the available criteria for recognition in the current period, under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenue arises when a revenue is measurable but not earned under the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability and deferred inflows of resource for unearned and unavailable revenue are removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand amounts in demand deposits, as well as short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments

Investments with a maturity greater than one year at time of purchase, if any, are stated at fair value. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and all other investments, if any, are reported at cost.

f. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Amounts owed to/from the County are reported as due from/to the primary government.

Advances between funds, if any, reported in the fund financial statements are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report, if any, are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets and infrastructure assets (e.g., bike trails, paths, roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year except for land improvements, where the cost must be greater than \$50,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Buildings preserve improvements and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Duildings	40
Buildings Land/preserve improvements	40 8-20
Vehicles	7-20
Equipment	3-25

i. Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to vacation/sick leave based on their length of employment. Vacation/sick leave either vests or accumulates and is accrued when earned

Vested or accumulated vacation/sick leave attributable to employees who were no longer employed as of December 31, 2012, but have yet to be paid out is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements.

Vested or accumulated vacation/sick leave is recorded as an expense and liability of governmental activities at the government-wide level as the benefits accrue to employees.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, if any, are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column. Bond premiums, discounts, and gain (loss) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

k. Fund Balances/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities or from enabling legislation adopted by the District. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the District's Board, which is considered the District's highest level of decision making authority.

Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Superintendent at the District. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund, including fund balance targets and any deficit fund balance of any other governmental fund is reported as unassigned.

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the County considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned funds and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Investment in capital assets represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt issued to acquire or construct the capital assets.

None of the restricted net position or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the District.

1. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Investment of the District's funds, by statute, is vested with the County Treasurer. The County Treasurer's investment policy guides the investments of the County and the District. The investment policy permits the County and the District to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks located within and in close proximity to the County, obligations of the U.S. Treasury (bills), money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed (implicitly or explicitly) by the United States and Illinois Funds.

It is the policy of the County and the District to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the County and the District and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objective of the policy is legality, safety (preservation of capital and protection of investment principal), liquidity and yield.

a. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 105% (110% if collateral pledged is not guaranteed by the U.S. Government) for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by an independent third party acting as the County's agent. All bank balances of the deposits were insured or collateralized at December 31, 2012.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the County and the District limit their exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed within a short-term (annual) period. The investment policy does not limit the maximum maturity length of investments. However, the policy does require the County and the District to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and prohibits the selling of securities prior to maturity.

The County and the District limit exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government (U.S. Treasury obligations) and certificates of deposit.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the County and the District will not be able to recover the value of investments that are in possession of an outside party.

To limit its exposure, the County's and the District's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the County's and the District's agent separate from where the investment was purchased.

Concentration of credit risk - The County's and the District's investment policy requires diversification of the portfolio but does not contain any specific diversification targets.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2012 attached as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2012, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the same year by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance. Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2013, and are payable in two installments on or about June 1, 2013 and September 1, 2013. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

The District has elected, under governmental accounting standards, to match its property tax revenues to the fiscal year that the tax levy is intended to finance. Therefore, the entire 2013 tax levy has been recorded as a receivable and as unavailable revenue on the financial statements.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	J 	Balance January 1, 2012	Iı	ncreases	Decreases	De	Balance ecember 31, 2012
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	3,614,730	\$	369,655	\$ -	\$	3,984,385
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,614,730		369,655	-		3,984,385
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		632,120		52,448	-		684,568
Buildings		392,065		42,232	-		434,297
Equipment		122,070		· -	_		122,070
Vehicles		109,406		46,090	-		155,496
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,255,661		140,770	-		1,396,431
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Land improvements		324,907		30,798	-		355,705
Buildings		217,425		14,702	-		232,127
Equipment		38,501		11,053	_		49,554
Vehicles		67,954		8,773	-		76,727
Total accumulated depreciation		648,787		65,326	-		714,113
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		606,874		75,444	-		682,318
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	4,221,604	\$	445,099	\$ -	\$	4,666,703
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	•	4,221,004	D	445,099	5 -	Ф	4,000,703

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Culture and recreation	\$ 65,326
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 65,326

DEKALB COUNTY FOREST PRESERVE DISTRICT SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

ASSESSED VALUATION - 2011 (latest available)	\$ 2,029,063,723
Legal debt limit - 2.3% of assessed valuation Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	46,668,466
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$ 1 982 395 257

Chapter 70, Act 805, Section 13 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides that the District: "...may not become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.3% of the assessed value of such taxable property therein, as ascertained by the last equalized assessment for the State and County purposes. No district may incur (a) indebtedness in excess of .3% of the assessed value of taxable property in the district, as ascertained by the last equalized assessment for the State and County purposes, for the development of forest preserve lands held by the district or (b) indebtedness for any other purpose except the acquisition of land...." unless the proposition to issue bonds or otherwise incur indebtedness is certified by the board to the proper election officials who shall submit the proposition at an election in accordance with the general election law and approved majority of those voting upon the proposition.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year:

	Ja	alances nuary 1, 2012	Ad	lditions	Rec	ductions	Balances ecember 31, 2012	Current Portion
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits	\$	34,140 1,279	\$	7,184 424	\$	3,414	\$ 37,910 1,703	\$ 3,791
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	35,419	\$	7,608	\$	3,414	\$ 39,613	\$ 3,791

Compensated absences, the net pension obligation and the other postemployment benefit liabilities have historically been retired by the General Fund.

7. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The District's defined benefit pension plan (the Plan), the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF is an agent multiple-employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the Plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan as a whole but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer contribution for the year ended December 31, 2012 was 13.56% of covered payroll. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by IMRF Board of Trustees.

7. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

For December 31, 2012, the District's annual pension cost of \$38,809 was equal to the District's actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry-age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10.00% per year, depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit and (d) postretirement benefit increases of 3.00% annually. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2012 was 30 years.

Employer annual pension costs (APC), actual contributions and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

		Annual			
For	I	Pension	Percentage		Net
Calendar	Cost		of APC	Pension	
Year	(APC)		Contributed	Ol	oligation
2010	\$	42,282	91.31%	\$	3,673
2011		41,496	108.85%		-
2012		38,309	100.00%		-

The funded status of the Plan as of December 31, 2012, based on actuarial valuations performed as of December 31, 2012 for IMRF is as follows. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the funded status of the Plan are the same actuarial assumptions used to determine the employer APC of the Plan as described above.

Illinoia

		Illinois	
]	Municipal	
	I	Retirement	
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	1,584,123	
Actuarial value of plan assets		1,373,664	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)		210,459	
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		86.71%	
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	282,514	
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		74.50%	

DEKALB COUNTY FOREST PRESERVE DISTRICT SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

See the schedules of funding progress in the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to financial statements for additional information related to the funded status of the Plan.

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the District provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District and can be amended by the District through its personnel manual, except for the implicit subsidy which is governed by the State Legislature and Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the District's governmental activities.

b. Benefits Provided

The District provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with ILCS, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the District's retirement plan. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the retiree is no longer eligible to participate in the plan, but can purchase a medicare supplement plan from the District's insurance provider.

c. Membership

At December 31, 2012, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	_
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	-
Active employees	4
TOTAL	4

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

d. Funding Policy

The District is not required to and currently does not advance fund the cost of benefits that will become due and payable in the future. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement.

e. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB costs, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the past three years is as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of						
Year	OPEB	Em	ployer	Annual OPEB	Ne	et OPEB		
Ended	Cost	Contributions		Cost Contributed	Obligation			
						_		
December 31, 2010	\$ 273	\$	-	0.00%	\$	849		
December 31, 2011	430		-	0.00%		1,279		
December 31, 2012	424		-	0.00%		1,703		

The net OPEB obligation as of December 31, 2012 was calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 416 51 (43)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	 424
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	424 1,279
NET OPEB OBLIGATION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,703

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2012 was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 6,878
Actuarial value of plan assets	_
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	6,878
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 337,846
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	2.0%

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

e. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation, the entry-age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a discount rate of 4.00% and an initial healthcare cost trend rate of 8.00% with an ultimate healthcare inflation rate of 6.00%. Both rates include a 3.00% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the District has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2012 was 30 years.

9. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Individual fund transfers between funds at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Fund	Transfer Transfer To From	
General Retirement Land Acquisition	\$ 36,687 \$ 607,0 - 36,6 607,000	
TOTAL	\$ 643,687 \$ 643,6	87

These transfers are to reimburse the General Fund for retirement costs and to provide funding for future costs related to land acquisition. These transfers will not be repaid.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. For the health coverage, the District was self-insured through the County through December 31, 2002. As of January 1, 2003, the District and the County discontinued the self-insured health coverage plan and purchased third party indemnity insurance to limit its exposure. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures in the General Fund. Since December 19, 2007, the District has been a member of the Park District Risk Management Agency (PDRMA) Property/Casualty Program, a joint risk management pool of park and forest preserve districts and special recreation associations through which property, general liability, automotive liability, crime, boiler and machinery, public officials, employment practices liability and workers' compensation coverage is provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit.

Losses exceeding the per occurrence self-insured and reinsurance limit would be the responsibility of the District. The District is not aware of any additional amounts owed to PDRMA at December 31, 2012

As a member of PDRMA's Property/Casualty Program, the District is represented on the Property/Casualty Program Council and the Membership Assembly and is entitled to one vote on each. The relationship between the District and PDRMA is governed by a contract and by-laws that have been adopted by a resolution of the District's governing body.

DEKALB COUNTY FOREST PRESERVE DISTRICT SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The District is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions to PDRMA, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with PDRMA, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement and to follow risk management procedures as outlined by PDRMA.

Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of PDRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. PDRMA is responsible for administering the self-insurance program and purchasing excess insurance according to the direction of the Property/Casualty Program Council. PDRMA also provides its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims, and establishes reasonable and necessary loss reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

			2012				
	Origi	inal	2012 Final			•	2011
	Bud		Budget		Actual		Actual
	244	801	244841		100001		1100001
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 1,24	8,000	\$ 1,248,000) \$	1,274,191	\$	1,343,730
Intergovernmental		-	-		-		163,840
Interest income		8,000	8,000		4,356		5,763
Miscellaneous	5	0,000	50,000)	62,605		63,489
Total revenues	1,30	6,000	1,306,000)	1,341,152		1,576,822
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and recreation							
Personnel services	39	9,600	439,600)	434,647		437,462
Commodities and services		7,900	102,300		102,075		112,297
Supplies and materials		4,500	57,300		56,087		57,739
Capital outlay		3,000	192,000		180,072		210,250
The state of the s	7.0	5.000	5 01.20				017.740
Total expenditures		5,000	791,200)	772,881		817,748
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	60	1,000	514,800)	568,271		759,074
OTHER ERIANGRIC GOLD GEG (LIGER)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	4	5,000	45,000	1	26 697		41.640
Transfers in Transfers (out)		7,000	(607,000		36,687 (607,000)		41,640 (770,000)
Transfers (out)	(00)	7,000)	(007,000	J)	(007,000)		(770,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(56	2,000)	(562,000	0)	(570,313)		(728,360)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 3	9,000	\$ (47,200	<u>))</u>	(2,042)		30,714
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012					732,063		701,349
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012				\$	730,021	\$	732,063

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RETIREMENT FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES Taxes Property taxes	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$	139,877
Investment income	-	-		978
Total revenues	140,000	140,000		140,855
EXPENDITURES None	-			
Total expenditures	-	-		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	140,000	140,000		140,855
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	(45,000)	(45,000)		(36,687)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (45,000)	(45,000)		(36,687)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 95,000	\$ 95,000	=	104,168
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012				255,843
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012			\$	360,011

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

		(2)						UAAL	
		Actuaria	ıl			(4)		as a	
Actuarial	(1)	Accrue	f	(3)		Unfunded		Percentage	
Valuation	Actuarial	Liabilit	y	Funded		AAL	(5)	of Covered	
Date	Value of	(AAL)	,	Ratio		(UAAL)	Covered	Payroll	
December 31,	Assets	Entry-A		(1)/(2)		(2) - (1)	Payroll	(4) / (5)	
Beechie er e 1,	110000	21111 112	<u> </u>	(1) / (=)		(=) (1)	1 4/1011	(1), (0)	_
2007	\$ 990,649	\$ 1,177,3	398	84.14%	\$	186,749	\$ 225,925	82.66%	6
2008	988,473	1,355,4	148	72.93%)	366,975	252,510	145.33%	6
2009	1,055,551	1,411,1	149	74.80%)	355,598	269,221	132.08%	6
2010	1,159,330	1,421,9	976	81.53%	,	262,646	264,264	99.39%	6
2011	1,244,042	1,491,5	552	83.41%	,	247,510	271,228	91.26%	6
2012	1,373,664	1,584,1	123	86.71%	,	210,459	282,514	74.50%	6

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

				(2)						UAAL
			A	ctuarial			(4)			as a
Actuarial		(1)	A	ccrued	(3)	Į	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Ac	tuarial	Li	iability	Funded		AAL		(5)	of Covered
Date	Va	lue of	(.	AAL)	Ratio		(UAAL)	(Covered	Payroll
December 31,	A	ssets	En	try-Age	(1)/(2)		(2) - (1)		Payroll	(4) / (5)
2008	\$	-	\$	5,047	0.00%	\$	5,047	\$	277,962	1.82%
2009		-		5,047	0.00%		5,047		277,962	1.82%
2010				0.155	0.000/		0 155		200.020	2.740/
2010		-		8,155	0.00%		8,155		298,030	2.74%
2011		-		8,155	0.00%		8,155		298,030	2.74%
2012		-		6,878	0.00%		6,878		337,846	2.04%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

		Annual equired	
Calendar Year	nployer tributions	 ARC)	Percentage Contributed
2007	\$ 28,286	\$ 28,286	100.00%
2008	32,675	32,675	100.00%
2009	35,753	35,753	100.00%
2010	38,609	42,282	91.31%
2011	45,167	41,416	109.06%
2012	38,309	38,309	100.00%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31,	ployer ibutions	Red Cont	nnual quired ribution ARC)	Percentage Contributed
2008	\$ -	\$	308	0.00%
2009	-		263	0.00%
2010	-		263	0.00%
2011	-		416	0.00%
2012	_		416	0.00%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2012

BUDGETS

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for all funds. The annual appropriation lapses at fiscal year end.

The Forest Preserve Committee prepares an operating budget which summarizes the appropriation units and recommends the proposed appropriations. Public hearings on the proposed appropriations are conducted. The appropriations are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The budget may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the line item level. During the period, supplementary appropriations were approved.

Expenditures exceeded budget in the Land Acquisition Fund by \$(136,604).

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		2012		_	
	 Original	Final			2011
	Budget	Budget	Actual		Actual
TAXES					
Property	\$ 1,238,000	\$ 1,238,000	\$ 1,259,605	\$	1,328,634
Replacement	 10,000	10,000	14,586		15,096
Total taxes	 1,248,000	1,248,000	1,274,191		1,343,730
D. WEED CO. LEDN. D. WEILER					1.62.040
INTERGOVERNMENTAL	 -	-	-		163,840
DIVECTMENT DICOME	0.000	0.000	1 256		5.7(2
INVESTMENT INCOME	 8,000	8,000	4,356		5,763
MISCELLANEOUS					
Farm rental	15,000	15,000	19,496		15,937
Shelter house/camping fees	10,000	10,000	13,770		13,400
Donations	=	=	2,296		2,650
NREC	25,000	25,000	20,396		25,300
DeKalb - Sycamore Trail	-	-	-		5,000
DeKalb Community Foundation	-	-	2,145		-
Miscellaneous	-	-	4,502		1,202
Total miscellaneous	50,000	50,000	62,605		63,489
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 1,306,000	\$ 1,306,000	\$ 1,341,152	\$	1,576,822

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		2012			
	 Original	Final		•	2011
	Budget	Budget	Actual		Actual
	<u> </u>				
Personnel service					
Regular salaries and wages	\$ 210,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 249,428	\$	279,274
Boards and commissions	4,000	4,000	6,770		6,445
Deferred compensation	5,000	5,000	5,127		4,747
Seasonal	60,000	60,000	58,778		30,801
Safety and security	5,000	5,000	9,365		9,202
Longevity pay	6,000	6,000	6,368		6,009
Health insurance	40,000	40,000	36,696		34,008
Life insurance	600	600	662		648
FICA	23,000	23,000	24,070		23,876
Retirement - IMRF	45,000	45,000	36,745		41,693
Unemployment insurance	 1,000	1,000	638		759
Total personnel service	399,600	439,600	434,647		437,462
Commodities and services					
Travel and meetings	1,100	1,100	678		667
Environmental education	20,000	20,000	20,000		20,000
Public notices	500	500	72		144
Membership	500	500	690		1,390
Maintenance - vehicles	5,000	5,000	4,839		8,174
Maintenance - building and grounds	15,000	15,000	12,581		8,847
Maintenance - equipment	4,000	4,000	6,201		4,934
Postage	300	300	394		300
Utilities - telephone	6,000	6,000	4,670		4,530
Utilities - electricity	7,000	7,000	6,322		6,303
Commercial services	7,000	10,200	10,205		8,336
Professional services	5,000	6,200	6,200		6,100
Community Foundation	-	-	-		907
Contribution to agencies	500	500	1,913		2,028
NREC expenses	25,000	25,000	25,000		25,000
Other expenses	 1,000	1,000	2,310		14,637
Total commodities and services	97,900	102,300	102,075		112,297

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

			2012			
	(Original	Final		•	2011
		Budget	Budget	Actual		Actual
	<u></u>					
Supplies and materials						
Supplies	\$	23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 21,308	\$	23,378
Fuels and lubricants		28,000	30,800	29,482		30,548
Vehicular parts		1,000	1,000	172		361
Machine and equipment parts		1,500	1,500	1,614		3,452
Clothing		1,000	1,000	3,511		
Total supplies and materials		54,500	57,300	56,087		57,739
Capital outlay						
Development improvements		23,000	62,000	44,747		1,121
Other staff improvements		10,000	10,000	5,940		7,197
Land acquisition		65,000	65,000	-		42,250
Wetland mitigation		-	-	64,044		140,625
Vehicles and equipment		55,000	55,000	65,341		19,057
Total capital outlay		153,000	192,000	180,072		210,250
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	705,000	\$ 791,200	\$ 772,881	\$	817,748

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAND ACQUISITION FUND

		Original		2012 Final				2011
		Budget		Budget	Actual			Actual
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,000	\$	200,000
Investment income	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	8,668	Ψ	11,849
myestment meeme						0,000		11,017
Total revenues		-		-		18,668		211,849
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Culture and Recreation		_		24,000		25,276		
Capital outlay				,		.,		
Land acquisition		_		72,000		207,328		412,326
-				•		•		
Total expenditures		-		96,000		232,604		412,326
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		_		(96,000)		(213,936)		(200,477)
OVEREMENDITORES				(70,000)		(213,730)		(200,477)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		607,000		607,000		607,000		770,000
		,		,		,		,
Total other financing sources (uses)		607,000		607,000		607,000		770,000
•				•		•		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	607,000	\$	511,000	_	393,064		569,523
	-				-			
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012						3,150,631		2,581,108
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012					\$	3,543,695	\$	3,150,631



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TORT & LIABILITY FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 124,000	\$ 124,000	\$	124,064
Investment income	-	-		754
Total revenues	124,000	124,000		124,818
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Commodities and services				
Insurance premiums	18,000	18,000		26,634
Supplies and materials				
Supplies	-	-		608
Capital outlay				
Park improvements	106,000	106,000		36,765
Total expenditures	 124,000	124,000		64,007
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	=	60,811
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012				88,201
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012			\$	149,012



SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES AND EXTENSIONS

Last Ten Tax Levy Years

Tax Levy Year			2010		2009		2008	2007				
Tax Payment Year		2012		2011		2010		2009	2008			
Assessed Valuation	\$	2,029,063,723	3 \$ 2,146,459,168 \$ 2,230,373,366 \$ 2,202,		2,202,386,290	\$	2,085,383,221					
	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount		
Tax Extensions												
Corporate	0.05988	\$ 1,215,004	0.05964	\$ 1,280,148	0.0600	\$ 1,338,224	0.0600	\$ 1,321,432	0.0600	\$ 1,251,230		
FICA	0.00114	23,131	0.00117	25,114	0.0011	24,088	0.0061	22,024	0.0010	20,020		
IMRF	0.00690	140,005	0.00569	122,133	0.0045	100,144	0.0010	134,125	0.0024	50,049		
Tort	0.00612	124,179	0.00350	75,126	0.0007	15,167	0.0007	15,196	0.0043	90,088		
TOTAL	0.0740	\$ 1,502,319	0.0700	\$ 1,502,521	0.0663	\$ 1,477,623	0.0678	\$ 1,492,777	0.0677	\$ 1,411,387		
Tax Levy Year		2006		2005		2004		2003	2002			
Tax Payment Year	2007			2006		2005		2004	2003			
Assessed Valuation	\$	1,886,297,529	\$	1,699,140,609	\$	1,534,517,472	\$	1,463,872,794	\$	1,375,430,314		
	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount		
Tax Extensions												
Corporate	0.0517	\$ 975,593	0.2347	\$ 398,788	0.0241	\$ 370,279	0.0239	\$ 349,719	0.0245	\$ 336,430		
FICA	0.0010	18,674	0.0011	18,521	0.0012	17,647	0.0012	17,567	0.0013	17,055		
IMRF	0.0017	31,124	0.0018	31,094	0.0018	26,854	0.0018	26,057	0.0012	19,119		
Tort	0.0004	8,111	0.0004	8,156	0.0006	8,133	0.0006	8,051	0.0005	8,115		
TOTAL	0.0548	\$ 1,033,502	0.2380	\$ 456,559	0.0277	\$ 422,913	0.0275	\$ 401,394	0.0275	\$ 380,719		

^{*} Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Tax Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2002	2003	2004		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Tax Payment Year	2003	2004	2005		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
COLLECTIONS	\$ 381,550	\$ 401,654 \$	422,98	8	\$ 456,041	\$ 1,032,376	\$ 1,412,768	\$ 1,489,324	\$ 1,479,790	\$ 1,502,517	\$ 1,500,937
LEVY AS EXTENDED	\$ 380,719	\$ 401,394 \$	422,91	3	\$ 456,559	\$ 1,033,502	\$ 1,411,387	\$ 1,492,777	\$ 1,477,623	\$ 1,502,521	\$ 1,502,319
PERCENT COLLECTED	100.22%	100.06%	100.02	.%	99.89%	99.89%	100.10%	99.77%	100.15%	100.00%	99.91%

Data Source

Office of the County Treasurer