DEKALB COUNTY PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS (A Component Unit of DeKalb County, Illinois)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



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Certified Public Accountants & Advisors



Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

1415 W. Diehl Road, Suite 400 • Naperville, IL 60563

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Chairman Members of the Board of Commissioners DeKalb County Public Building Commission Sycamore, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the DeKalb County Public Building Commission (the PBC), Sycamore, Illinois, a component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the PBC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and the related notes to financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the PBC's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the PBC's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the DeKalb County Public Building Commission, Sycamore, Illinois, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The PBC adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* during the year ended December 31, 2012. Statement No. 63 added new classifications on the statement of net position and changed net assets to net position. Statement No. 65 changed the classifications of certain items on the statement of net position to the new classifications contained in GASB Statement No. 63.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The PBC has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the PBC's basic financial statements. The supplementary financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Naperville, Illinois April 17, 2013

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GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December	31.	2012

Receivables, net of allowance, where applicable Leases-3,485,0003,485,00Advance to DeKalb County512,869-512,869Capital assets not being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)493,284-493,284Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,33Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,77		Primary Government						
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables, net of allowance, where applicable Leases - 3,485,000 3,485,00 Advance to DeKalb County 512,869 - 512,86 Capital assets not being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation) 18,415,816 - 18,415,81 Total assets 23,814,490 3,806,899 27,621,33 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding - 13,334 13,33 Total deferred outflows of resources - 13,334 13,33 Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 23,814,490 3,820,233 27,634,77		Go	vernmental	Bu	isiness-Type			
Cash and investments\$ 4,392,521 \$ 321,899 \$ 4,714,42Receivables, net of allowance, where applicable Leases- 3,485,000 3,485,00Advance to DeKalb County512,869 - 512,86Capital assets not being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)- 18,415,816 - 18,415,81Total assets23,814,490 3,806,899 27,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding- 13,334 13,33Total deferred outflows of resources- 13,334 13,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources- 13,814,490 3,820,233 27,634,72			Activities		Activities		Total	
Cash and investments\$ 4,392,521 \$ 321,899 \$ 4,714,42Receivables, net of allowance, where applicable Leases- 3,485,000 3,485,00Advance to DeKalb County512,869 - 512,86Capital assets not being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)- 18,415,816 - 18,415,81Total assets23,814,490 3,806,899 27,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding- 13,334 13,33Total deferred outflows of resources- 13,334 13,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources- 13,814,490 3,820,233 27,634,72								
Receivables, net of allowance, where applicable Leases-3,485,0003,485,00Advance to DeKalb County512,869-512,869Capital assets not being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)493,284-493,284Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,33Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72								
where applicable Leases-3,485,0003,485,000Advance to DeKalb County512,869-512,869Capital assets not being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)493,284-493,284Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,334Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,334Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,77		\$	4,392,521	\$	321,899	\$	4,714,420	
Leases- $3,485,000$ $3,485,000$ Advance to DeKalb County $512,869$ - $512,869$ Capital assets not being depreciated $493,284$ - $493,284$ Capital assets being depreciated $18,415,816$ - $18,415,816$ (net of accumulated depreciation) $18,415,816$ - $18,415,816$ Total assets $23,814,490$ $3,806,899$ $27,621,386$ DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES- $13,334$ $13,334$ Unamortized loss on refunding- $13,334$ $13,334$ Total deferred outflows of resources- $13,334$ $13,334$ Total assets and deferred outflows of resources $23,814,490$ $3,820,233$ $27,634,724$								
Advance to DeKalb County512,869-512,86Capital assets not being depreciated493,284-493,284Capital assets being depreciated18,415,816-18,415,816(net of accumulated depreciation)18,415,816-18,415,816Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES-13,33413,33Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,33Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72								
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)493,284-493,28Total assets18,415,816-18,415,816-18,415,816Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,33Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72			-		3,485,000		3,485,000	
Capital assets being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)18,415,816-18,415,816Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,33Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72	•		-		-		512,869	
(net of accumulated depreciation)18,415,816-18,415,816Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,33Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72	· · · ·		493,284		-		493,284	
Total assets23,814,4903,806,89927,621,38DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,33Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,33Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding Total deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 23,814,490 3,820,233 27,634,72	(net of accumulated depreciation)		18,415,816		-		18,415,816	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,334Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,334Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72	Total assets		23,814,490		3,806,899		27,621,389	
Unamortized loss on refunding-13,33413,334Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,334Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72			, ,		, ,		· · ·	
Total deferred outflows of resources-13,33413,334Total assets and deferred outflows of resources23,814,4903,820,23327,634,72	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 23,814,490 3,820,233 27,634,72	Unamortized loss on refunding		-		13,334		13,334	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 23,814,490 3,820,233 27,634,72								
	Total deferred outflows of resources		-		13,334		13,334	
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		23 814 490		3 820 233		27 634 723	
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		25,014,470		5,020,255		27,034,723	
LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES							
Accrued interest payable - 11,810 11,81	Accrued interest payable		-		11,810		11,810	
	· ·		-				84,047	
Noncurrent liabilities	Noncurrent liabilities				,		,	
Due within one year - 820,000 820,00	Due within one year		-		820,000		820,000	
			-		-		2,735,980	
	·							
Total liabilities - 3,651,837 3,651,83	Total liabilities		-		3,651,837		3,651,837	
NET DOCITION	NET DOCITION							
NET POSITION			10 000 100				10,000,100	
			· · ·		-		18,909,100	
Unrestricted 4,905,390 168,396 5,073,78	Uniesulcied		4,903,390		108,390		5,073,786	
TOTAL NET POSITION \$ 23,814,490 \$ 168,396 \$ 23,982,88	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	23,814,490	\$	168,396	\$	23,982,886	

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 4 -

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Program Revenues						
				Ope	erating		Capital	
		C	Charges	Gra	nts and	G	rants and	
E	xpenses	for	Services	Contr	ibutions	Co	ntributions	
\$	670,547	\$	-	\$	-	\$	122,273	
	670,547		-		-		122,273	
	156,868		214,401		-		-	
	150000		014 401					
	156,868		214,401		-		-	
\$	827,415	\$	214,401	\$	-	\$	122,273	
		670,547 156,868 156,868	Expenses for \$ 670,547 \$ 670,547 \$ 156,868 156,868	Expenses Charges for Services \$ 670,547 \$ - 670,547 - 670,547 - 156,868 214,401 156,868 214,401	Ope Ope Charges Gra: Expenses for Services Contr \$ 670,547 \$ - \$ 670,547 \$ - \$ 670,547 - \$ - \$ 156,868 214,401 156,868 214,401	Charges Operating Expenses for Services Grants and \$ 670,547 \$ - \$ - 670,547 \$ - \$ - 670,547 - \$ - 156,868 214,401 - 156,868 214,401 -	Operating Operating Charges Grants and G Expenses for Services Contributions Contributions \$ 670,547 \$ - \$ 670,547 \$ - \$ - \$ 156,868 214,401 - - 156,868 214,401 -	

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities	Total					
	\$ (548,274)\$-	\$ (548,274)				
	(548,274) -	(548,274)				
		57,533					
		57,533					
	(548,274) 57,533	(490,741)				
General Revenues Investment income Contributions from DeKalb County Miscellaneous Transfers in (out)	36,712 525,000 7,100 25,000	-	37,068 525,000 7,100				
Total	593,812	(24,644)) 569,168				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	45,538	32,889	78,427				
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1, 2012	23,768,952	176,885	23,945,837				
Prior period adjustment		(41,378)) (41,378)				
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1, 2012, RESTATED	23,768,952	135,507	23,904,459				
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31, 2012	\$ 23,814,490	\$ 168,396	\$ 23,982,886				

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 6 -

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2012

ASSETS	G	eneral	In	Capital provement Reserve	Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus		Re C	Renewal and eplacement Community Outreach Building	enewal and eplacement Health	Re	enewal and eplacement blic Safety	Total
Cash and investments Advance to DeKalb County	\$	754	\$	990,347 512,869	\$	1,013,384	\$	200,447	\$ 1,981,923	\$	205,666	\$ 4,392,521 512,869
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	754	\$	1,503,216	\$	1,013,384	\$	200,447	\$ 1,981,923	\$	205,666	\$ 4,905,390
LIABILITIES												
LIABILITIES None	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-	-		-	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable - long-term receivable Unrestricted		-		512,869		-		-	-		-	512,869
Assigned for capital purposes Unassigned		- 754		990,347 -		1,013,384		200,447	1,981,923 -		205,666	4,391,767 754
Total fund balances		754		1,503,216		1,013,384		200,447	1,981,923		205,666	4,905,390
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	754	\$	1,503,216	\$	1,013,384	\$	200,447	\$ 1,981,923	\$	205,666	\$ 4,905,390

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 7 -

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 4,905,390
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not	18 000 100
reported in the governmental funds	18,909,100
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 23,814,490

December 31, 2012

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	(Capital Improvement General Reserve		Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus		Renewal and Replacement Community Outreach Building		nent hity Renewal and ch Replacement		Rej	newal and placement plic Safety	Total	
REVENUES Investment income Contributions from DeKalb County Miscellaneous	\$	- - 7,100	\$	32,756	\$	1,772 175,000 -	\$	188 50,000 -	\$	1,785 300,000 -	\$	211	\$ 36,712 525,000 7,100
Total revenues		7,100		32,756		176,772		50,188		301,785		211	568,812
EXPENDITURES Current Administration Capital outlay Total expenditures		42,976		-		- 13,845 13,845		-		-		- 14,155	42,976 28,000 70,976
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(35,876)		32,756		162,927		50,188		301,785		(13,944)	497,836
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		25,000		(33,000)		33,000		-		-		- -	58,000 (33,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		25,000		(33,000)		33,000		-		-		-	25,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(10,876)		(244)		195,927		50,188		301,785		(13,944)	522,836
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1, 2012		11,630		1,503,460		817,457		150,259		1,680,138		219,610	4,382,554
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31, 2012	\$	754	\$	1,503,216	\$ 1	,013,384	\$	200,447	\$	1,981,923	\$	205,666	\$ 4,905,390

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 9 -

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 522,836
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as an expenditure; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	11,630
Contributions of capital assets are reported only in the statement of activities	122,273
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(611,201)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 45,538

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

December 31, 2012

	Business- Type Activities Sinking Fund
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Lease receivable	\$ 321,899 820,000
Total current assets	1,141,899
NONCURRENT ASSETS Receivables Lease	2,665,000
Total noncurrent assets	2,665,000
Total assets	3,806,899
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unamortized loss on refunding	13,334
Total deferred outflows of resources	13,334
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	3,820,233
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Revenue bonds payable Total current liabilities	11,810 84,047 820,000 915,857
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Revenue bonds payable	2,735,980
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,735,980
Total liabilities	3,651,837
NET POSITION Unrestricted	168,396
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 168,396

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Business- Type Activities Sinking Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Rental from DeKalb County	\$ 214,401
Kental Itolii DeKalo County	\$ 214,401
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration	
Commercial services	600
Total operating expenses	600
OPERATING INCOME	213,801
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income Interest expense	356 (156,268)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(155,912)
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	57,889
TRANSFER (OUT)	(25,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	32,889
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1, 2012	176,885
Prior period adjustment	(41,378)
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1, 2012, RESTATED	135,507
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31, 2012	\$ 168,396

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Business- Type Activities Sinking Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Rental receipts from DeKalb County Payments to suppliers	\$ 991,234 (600)
Net cash from operating activities	990,634
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer (out)	(25,000)
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	(25,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest paid on revenue bonds	(790,000) (173,313)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(963,313)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments	356
Net cash from investing activities	356
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,677
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1, 2012	319,222
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31, 2012	\$ 321,899
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities	\$ 213,801
Changes in assets and liabilities Leases receivable Unearned revenue	790,000 (13,167)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 990,634

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 13 -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The DeKalb County Public Building Commission (the PBC) is a quasi-governmental unit created by the DeKalb County Board in May 1978 under the authority of Chapter 50, Act 20 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

The financial statements of the PBC have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the PBC's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The PBC is governed by a five-member board appointed to staggered five-year terms by the DeKalb County Board. The PBC is responsible for the construction, refurbishing and/or maintenance of county buildings for which lease agreements are executed with DeKalb County (the County). As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present all funds of the PBC. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which a primary government is financially accountable. There are no component units included. However, the PBC is considered to be a component unit of DeKalb County, Illinois, since its sole purpose is to finance, construct and maintain certain of the County's public buildings.

b. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the PBC are organized and operated on the basis of funds. Funds are independent fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. A minimum number of funds are maintained for this purpose.

The following fund categories (further defined by fund type) are used by the PBC:

Governmental Funds are used to account for the PBC's general activities. The General Fund is the primary operating fund, accounting for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Capital Projects Funds account for funds restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not financed by another fund.

b. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Enterprise Funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities are provided to outside parties (enterprise funds).

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the PBC. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes or intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The PBC reports the following major governmental funds:

The General (Corporate) Fund is the PBC's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The following capital projects funds are also major governmental funds:

The Capital Improvement Reserve Fund is used to account for funds assigned for future improvements to the County's facilities.

The Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by the County to the PBC and assigned for capital replacement.

The Renewal and Replacement Community Outreach Building Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by the County and assigned for the Community Outreach Building to the PBC.

The Renewal and Replacement Health Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by the Health Facility to the PBC assigned for capital outlay.

The Renewal and Replacement Public Safety Fund is used to account for operation and maintenance funds paid by Public Safety to the PBC.

The PBC also reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sinking Fund is used to account for the lease payment from the County and the related payments on the 2005 lease revenue refunding bonds.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund are directly attributable to its operation of the funds.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred.

The PBC reports unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, or is measurable but not earned under the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the PBC before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the PBC has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the PBC's proprietary fund considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments with a maturity greater than one year at time of purchase, if any, are stated at fair value. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and all other investments are reported at cost.

f. Interfund Transactions

Interfund service transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund service transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

g. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, if any, reported in the fund financial statements are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the PBC as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, except for land improvements, where the cost must be greater than \$50,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Buildings, building improvements and land improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	10
Land improvements	8-20

i. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well the gain (loss) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The gain (loss) on refunding is reported as a deferred outflow and is amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

j. Fund Balances/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities or from enabling legislation adopted by the PBC. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the PBC's Board, which is considered the PBC's highest level of decision making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the PBC's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the PBC's treasurer. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund, including fund balance targets and any deficit fund balance of any other governmental fund is reported as unassigned.

The PBC's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the PBC considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned funds and then unassigned funds.

j. Fund Balances/Net Position (Continued)

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net positions are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose or from enabling legislation. Net investment in capital assets represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt issued to acquire or construct the capital assets.

None of the restricted net positions or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the PBC.

k. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The PBC maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the PBC's funds. The PBC operates under an investment policy that limits the PBC to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, investment grade obligations of state and local governments, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, Illinois Funds and local government investment pools.

It is the policy of the PBC to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the PBC and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objective of the policy is legality, safety (preservation of capital and protection of investment principal), liquidity and yield.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the PBC's deposits may not be returned to it. The PBC's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by an independent third party acting as the PBC's agent. All of the PBC's deposits were covered by either FDIC or collateral held by an independent third party acting as the PBC's agent at December 31, 2012.

b. Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the PBC limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed within a short-term (annual) period. The investment policy limits the maximum maturity length of investments to five years. In addition, the policy does require the PBC to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and prohibits the selling of securities prior to maturity except in limited circumstances.

The PBC limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States Government (U.S. Treasury obligations and U.S. agency obligations).

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the PBC will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the PBC's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the PBC's agent separate from where the investment was purchased.

Concentration of credit risk - The PBC's investment requires diversification of the portfolio and does not permit greater than 67% of the portfolio to be invested in any one institution or investment vehicle, other than U.S. Treasury obligations.

In addition, the PBC's investment policy prohibits the investment in any type of derivative.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 493,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 493,284
Total capital assets not being depreciated	493,284	-	-	493,284
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	31,553	122,273	-	153,826
Buildings	23,973,728	-	-	23,973,728
Building improvements	322,994	11,630	-	334,624
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,328,275	133,903	-	24,462,178
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	3,156	1,578	-	4,734
Buildings and improvements	5,432,005	609,623	-	6,041,628
Total accumulated depreciation	5,435,161	611,201	-	6,046,362
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	18,893,114	(477,298)	-	18,415,816
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$19,386,398	\$ (477,298)	\$ -	\$18,909,100

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
Administration	\$ 611,201
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 611,201

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE

a. Operating Lease

The PBC has entered into an operating lease agreement with the County which requires the following annual rentals due from the County on November 1 of the year indicated.

Year		
2013	\$	2,225,000
2014		2,365,000
2015		2,515,000
2016		2,670,000
2017		2,825,000
2018		3,000,000
2019		3,175,000
2020		3,360,000
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	22,135,000

The PBC is responsible for maintenance, operation, upkeep and safekeeping of the County Government Complex (the Complex). The County may be responsible for paying costs of operating and maintaining the Complex to the extent that rentals are not sufficient.

If at any time during the term of this lease all of the financial claims upon the PBC shall be paid in full or provision made for such payment, then this lease may, at the option of the County, be terminated by written notice to the PBC.

Revenues received from the County in the form of lease payments are to be credited to funds as follows:

1) Operating Fund

The annual rent shall be allocated first to the Operating Fund to provide for the usual and necessary costs of the PBC of operating, maintaining and managing the Complex including administrative costs and the costs of renting and maintaining office equipment.

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

- a. Operating Lease (Continued)
 - 2) Renewal and Replacement Fund

From annual rentals due on and after November 1, 1993, the PBC shall deposit into the Renewal and Replacement Fund the lesser of \$250,000 or the amount required to equal the lesser of \$1,500,000 or an amount to be determined by the County Board in a resolution. Money shall be applied to the payment of nonrecurring major repairs, renewals, replacements or maintenance items and furnishings and equipment. The aggregate amount withdrawn from this fund in any fiscal year may not exceed \$50,000 without the prior approval of the County Board. The required \$1,500,000 has been accumulated in the capital projects governmental fund.

3) Surplus Fund

After allocation of the annual rent to the Operating Fund and the Renewal and Replacement Fund, any remaining amount of the annual rent would be deposited here.

b. Financing Lease

During 1997, the PBC entered into a new financing lease with the County for construction of a new County Nursing Home/Health Department facilities, which were constructed with the proceeds of the 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds. During fiscal year 2005, the PBC issued the Series 2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund, through a crossover refunding, the 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds maturing after December 1, 2007. As part of the refunding, a new financing lease was entered into with the County.

The PBC is responsible for maintenance, operation, upkeep and safekeeping of the County Nursing Home/Health Department. The County may be responsible for paying costs of operating and maintaining the Nursing Home/Health Department to the extent that rentals are not sufficient.

If at any time during the term of this lease all of the financial claims upon the PBC shall be paid in full or provision made for such payment, then this lease may, at the option of the County, be terminated by written notice to the PBC.

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

b. Financing Lease (Continued)

Lease rentals receivable from the County are as follows:

Fiscal	Lease
Year	Payments
2013	\$ 970,313
2014	971,813
2015	967,013
2016	969,656
Total lease payments	3,878,795
Less interest and expenses	(393,795)
NET LEASE RECEIVABLE	\$ 3,485,000

Revenues received from the County in the form of lease payments are to be credited to the lease revenue fund as follows:

Administrative Account - \$25,000 per year to be used to pay the administrative expenses of the commission.

Sinking Fund Account - sufficient amounts to pay the principal and interest on the next due date(s).

Surplus Account - any residual amounts to be used to cure deficiencies in the sinking fund account, administrative account, pay rebates, if any, fund the needs of the project and pay any other costs of the PBC.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Balances January 1, 2012, Reclassified*	Additions	R	eductions	Balances ecember 31, 2012	Current Portion
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Public Building Commission Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 Unamortized bond premium	\$ 4,275,000 	\$	- \$ -	790,000 17,745	\$ 3,485,000 70,980	\$ 820,000
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,363,725	\$	- \$	807,745	\$ 3,555,980	\$ 820,000

5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

*Beginning balances were reclassified to remove the unamortized loss on refunding which was reclassified to a deferred outflow on the statement of net position.

On June 1, 2005, the PBC issued \$7,155,000 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, dated June 1, 2005 to advance refund, through a crossover refunding, the 2008-2016 principal maturities of the 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds on December 1, 2007 (the crossover date) and to pay the interest on the 2005 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds through December 1, 2007. The 2005 bonds are due serially from December 1, 2008 through December 1, 2016 in amounts ranging from \$685,000 - \$925,000. Interest is payable semiannually each June 1 and December 1 at amounts ranging from 3.50% - 4.25%.

The bonds are secured by a lease with the County (see Note 4b). Debt service to maturity is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Principal Interest	
2013	\$ 820,000	\$ 141,712	\$ 961,712
2014	855,000	108,913	963,913
2015	885,000	74,712	959,712
2016	925,000	39,314	964,314
TOTAL	\$ 3,485,000	\$ 364,651	\$ 3,849,651

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The PBC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The PBC has purchased commercial insurance for surety bond coverage and is included under the liability insurance fund of the County for all other risks. There are no full-time employees of the PBC and the part-time employees are not eligible for health insurance. Therefore, no health insurance is provided and there is no potential other postemployment benefit to be reported.

7. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Individual fund transfers between funds at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Fund]	Transfer		Transfer From
I'uliu		То		FIOIII
General	\$	25,000	\$	-
Capital Improvement Reserve		-		33,000
Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus		33,000		-
Sinking Fund		-		25,000
TOTAL	\$	58,000	\$	58,000

The purpose of significant transfers to/from other funds is as follows:

- \$25,000 was transferred to the General Fund from the Sinking Fund for administrative expenses as required by the Bond Indenture (see Note 4b).
- \$33,000 transferred from the Capital Improvements Fund to the Renewal and Replacement Sycamore Campus Fund is to transfer funds to be used for future renewal and replacement projects.

8. RESTATEMENT

Net position of business-type activities and the proprietary fund net position have been restated by \$(41,378) due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, the PBC is required to write off previous bond issuance costs which were being amortized over the life of the bonds to expense these amounts as the bonds are issued and to apply this change retroactively.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Driginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Miscellaneous	\$ - \$	-	\$ 7,100
Total revenues	 -	-	7,100
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Administration			
Salaries	16,000	16,000	25,294
Part time	1,500	1,500	-
Social security	1,500	1,500	2,095
Illinois municipal retirement	500	500	140
Unemployment	200	200	100
Office furniture	-	-	7,100
Workers' compensation	300	300	-
Schools of instruction	500	500	-
Travel	800	800	98
Mileage	100	100	-
Meeting	100	100	-
Maintenance	400	400	-
Telephone	500	500	351
Professional fees	8,200	8,200	7,400
Commercial services	300	300	-
Surety bonds	500	500	275
Supplies	500	500	123
Copies	 100	100	-
Total expenditures	 32,000	32,000	42,976
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (32,000)	(32,000)	(35,876)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 25,000	25,000	25,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (7,000) \$	(7,000)	(10,876)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012		-	11,630
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012		=	\$ 754

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2012

1. BUDGETS

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The annual budget lapses at fiscal year end.

The PBC prepares an operating budget which summarizes the budget units and recommends the proposed appropriations. The appropriations are approved by the Board of Commissioners and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. Expenditures may not exceed the budget at the fund level. During the period, no budget amendments were approved.

2. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

The following funds had expenditures in excess of budget:

Fund

General

Excess

\$ 10,976

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RESERVE FUND

	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES		
Investment income	\$ 40,000	\$ 32,756
Total revenues	 40,000	32,756
EXPENDITURES		
None	 -	
Total expenditures	 -	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 40,000	32,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	 (40,000)	(33,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (40,000)	(33,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	(244)
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012	-	1,503,460
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012	-	\$ 1,503,216

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT SYCAMORE CAMPUS FUND

	Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES				
Investment income	\$	2,000	\$	1,772
Contributions from DeKalb County		175.000		175.000
Sycamore campus		175,000		175,000
Total revenues		177,000		176,772
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay				
Sycamore campus				
Parking Lot Construction		11,000		13,845
Capital contingency		4,000		-
Total expenditures		15,000		13,845
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES		162,000		162,927
		102,000		10=,9=,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		40,000		33,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,000		33,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	202,000		195,927
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012				817,457
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012			\$	1,013,384

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT COMMUNITY OUTREACH BUILDING FUND

	I	Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES Investment income	\$	1,000	\$	188	
Contributions from DeKalb County Community Outreach Building		50,000		50,000	
Total revenues		51,000		50,188	
EXPENDITURES None		-		-	
Total expenditures		-		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	51,000		50,188	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012				150,259	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012			\$	200,447	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT HEALTH FUND

	 Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES Investment income Contributions from DeKalb County Health facility campus	\$ 15,000 300,000	\$	1,785 300,000	
Total revenues	 315,000		301,785	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Health facility Concrete replacement and repair Capital contingency	 10,000 5,000		-	
Total expenditures	 15,000		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 300,000	:	301,785	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012			1,680,138	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012		\$	1,981,923	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT PUBLIC SAFETY FUND

	 Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES				
Investment income	\$ 1,000	\$	211	
Total revenues	 1,000		211	
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay				
Public safety building				
Reconfigure support staff areas	12,000		12,017	
Widen sallyport doorway	6,000		2,138	
Generator	10,000		-	
Capital contingency	7,000		-	
Total expenditures	 35,000		14,155	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (34,000)	:	(13,944)	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012			219,610	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012		\$	205,666	

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Balances			Balances
	January 1,	Additions	Retirements	December 31,
	2012	and Transfers	and Transfers	2012
HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT				
Land	\$ 684	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 684
Building	2,197,569	-	-	2,197,569
Building improvements	39,247	-	-	39,247
Total highway department	2,237,500	_	-	2,237,500
NURSING AND REHAB CENTER				
Land	3,785	-	-	3,785
Building	11,869,467	-	-	11,869,467
Total nursing and rehab center	11,873,252	-	-	11,873,252
PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND COMMUNITY FACILITY				
Land	488,815	-	-	488,815
Land improvements	31,553	122,273	-	153,826
Buildings	4,266,887	-	-	4,266,887
Building improvements	25,657	-	-	25,657
Total public health department				
and community facility	4,812,912	122,273	-	4,935,185
HEALTH FACILITY STORAGE AND GARAGE				
Building - garage	156,969	-	-	156,969
Building - storage	200,000	-	-	200,000
Total health facility storage and garage	356,969	-	-	356,969
COMMUNITY OUTREACH CENTER Building	5,540,926	11,630	_	5,552,556
Total community outreach center	5,540,926	11,630	_	5,552,556
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 24,821,559	\$ 133,903	\$ -	\$ 24,955,462