

Note: These minutes are not official until approved by the Law and Justice Committee at a subsequent meeting. Please refer to the meeting minutes when these minutes are approved to obtain any changes to these minutes.

DeKalb County Government
Sycamore, Illinois

**Law & Justice Committee Minutes
September 16, 2013**

The Law and Justice Committee of the DeKalb County Board met on Monday, September 16, 2013 at 6:30 p.m. in the DeKalb County Administration Building's Conference Room East.

Chairman Julia Fullerton called the meeting to order. Members present were Anthony Cvek, John Frieders, Riley Oncken, Ruth Anne Tobias and Anita Turner. Derek Tyson was absent. Others present were Margi Gilmour, Thomas McCulloch, Robert Carlson and Richard Schmack.

APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA

Moved by Mr. Cvek, seconded by Mr. Oncken and it was carried unanimously to approve the amended agenda.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Moved by Mr. Oncken, seconded by Mrs. Tobias and it was carried unanimously to approve the minutes from August 19, 2013.

PUBLIC DEFENDER'S AUGUST REPORT – MR. THOMAS McCULLOCH

Mr. McCulloch, DeKalb County Public Defender, shared with the committee the list of inmates that have been residents for more than a year along with stating that the jail report indicates the jail population is in the 130's which is a little bit higher than normal.

Mr. Cvek asked if the open and close case numbers are on par with what they are normally. Mr. McCulloch answered that they seem to be about the same although the arrest numbers seem to be up and the appointment numbers seem to be on the up. Mr. Cvek also asked if there was a correlation between school being back in session and arrest numbers going up. Mr. McCulloch said that in general, an increase in population causes an increase in arrests, but everyone is doing their job and the cases are moving along.

STATE'S ATTORNEY'S REPORT

Richard Schmack, DeKalb County State's Attorney, presented his periodic informational review to the committee which included staffing information, projects and initiatives and recent events that detailed some civil litigation that was discussed. Attached to these minutes is the full review.

Mr. Cvek asked if there would be any discussion about Mr. Schmack's FY2014 budget requests. Mr. Schmack answered that his exact wording for his request is also provided in the attached informational review under staffing. Chairman Fullerton announced that budget discussions would be taking place more in depth at next month's committee meeting.

COURT SERVICES AUGUST REPORTS – MS. MARGI GILMOUR

Ms. Margi Gilmour, Director of the Adult and Juvenile Court Services Department, brought forth to the committee an intergovernmental agreement with Kane County and a draft resolution authorizing the intergovernmental for the provision of multi-systemic therapy to juveniles and their families. She explained that this dates back from a 2010 agreement that DeKalb County had with Kane but now has been updated. One Hope United has been awarded the RFP for a second time. Although costs have gone up a bit the essential treatments have remained the same, Ms. Gilmour explained. She continued that she felt this was a very effective program for their youth that need these kinds of intensive services for roughly four to six months.

Because the resolution was not on the agenda, the committee was unable to take action on the request but it was decided that the resolution authorizing the intergovernmental agreement would be put on next month's Law & Justice Committee agenda to be brought to the full board in November.

Mr. Frieders asked how much the contract went up since 2010. Ms. Gilmour answered that the contract went up about \$10,000 and that it was a two year contract. Mr. Oncken asked even with the price going up was this program still worth the return on the investment. Ms. Gilmour replied that she definitely thought it was and with cost being a factor Kane County had put out the RFP knowing the contract was expiring and no one was able to provide these services under the amount that One Hope United has provided. Ms. Gilmour lastly explained that this program provides 24/7 therapists on a case by case basis and they follow through with attending the juvenile's court cases and provide help with the families. Even though the therapy sessions are initially for a four to six month period, the program runs until the individual's goals are met.

Ms. Gilmour also mentioned to the committee that it is possible that they will have another youth placed in residential placement by next month. Mr. Oncken asked how the budget looked for placement. Ms. Gilmour responded that right now everything looks okay but if there is another youth placed in residential placement on top of the one that they already have, next year looks like funds will be very tight.

Ms. Gilmour also shared that in the Adult Court Services area they instituted an Open Reporting Session for their low risk clients and the first open reporting was last Tuesday. These are for very low risk clients that do not need the resources of probation and that it has been done in other areas of the country and throughout the state. They found last week to have been very successful. It was explained, the clients report in to make sure they have no warrants and to ensure they are making their payments, this allows the probation officers to focus more on the moderate to higher risk clients who need the extra support and extra resources. Mr. Frieders asked what defines a low risk client. Ms. Gilmour explained that a very compressive risk assessment is done on the clients based on needs.

Lastly Ms. Gilmour shared that the 23rd Circuit will be hosting the Spring Conference for the Illinois Probation Court Services Association. It will be held at the Best Western in Sandwich and there will be raffles held with the proceeds going to the non-profit organization, Equine Dreams.

ADJOURNMENT

It was moved by Mrs. Turner, seconded by Mr. Cvek, and it was carried unanimously to adjourn the meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

Chairman Julia Fullerton

Tasha Stogsdill, Recording Secretary

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Office of the DeKalb County State's Attorney

DeKalb County Courthouse
133 W. State Street
Sycamore, Illinois 60178



General Offices:
Tel: (815) 895-7164
Fax: (815) 895-7101

RICHARD H. SCHMACK

State's Attorney

THE DE KALB COUNTY STATE'S ATTORNEY'S PERIODIC INFORMATIONAL REVIEW FOR THE LAW & JUSTICE COMMITTEE OF THE DEKALB COUNTY BOARD

The Office of State's Attorney

A State's Attorney is not technically an officer of the county from which he or she is elected, but is rather a constitutional, judicial officer of the State, elected to act as public prosecutor for crimes and county ordinance violations committed within the county from which the State's Attorney is elected, and to act as legal counsel for county government and for all other public officials elected or appointed on a countywide basis. As a result, a State's Attorney does not report to the County Board, but rather acts as its legal advisor. In the interest of open and regular communication, however, it should have always been, and will continue to be, the practice of the DeKalb County State's Attorney to appear monthly at meetings of the Law and Justice Committee, as the Committee's legal counsel, and to provide to the Committee periodic written informational updates on the activities of the State's Attorney's Office. This review covers the period from April 15, 2013 to September 16, 2013.

Staff

All of the attorneys in the office aspire to maintain the high ethical standards required of all Illinois Attorneys, and it is the position of State's Attorney Richard Schmack that his assistants maintain their first loyalty not to him, or the office, or the county, but to those standards. In that regard, it would be helpful to anyone wanting to understand the function of a public prosecutor to remember this quote from the United States Supreme Court

"The [prosecutor] is the representative not of an ordinary party to a controversy, but of a sovereignty whose obligation to govern impartially is as compelling as its obligation to govern at all; and whose interest, therefore, in a criminal prosecution is not that it shall win a case, but that justice shall be done. As such, he is in a peculiar and very definite sense the servant of the law, the twofold aim of which is that guilt shall not escape or innocence suffer. He may prosecute with earnestness and vigor—indeed, he should do so. But, while he may strike hard blows, he is not at liberty to strike foul ones. It is as much his duty to refrain from improper methods calculated to produce a wrongful conviction as it is to use every legitimate means to bring about a just one." *Berger v. United States*, 295 U.S. 78, 88, 79 L. Ed. 1314, 1321, 55 S. Ct. 629, 633 (1935).

The Staff of the DeKalb County State's Attorney presently consists of the following individuals:

Attorneys

Duke C. Harris	First Assistant
Stephanie Klein	Chief of the Civil Division
Phil Montgomery	Chief of the Criminal Division
Rachael McIntyre	Chief Juvenile Assistant
Sarah Gallagher-Chami	Chief of the Misdemeanor Department
Jessica Finley	Felony Prosecutor
Megan Brannon	Felony Prosecutor
David Weichel	Felony Prosecutor
Carrie Thompson	Misdemeanor/Domestic Violence Prosecutor
Julie Visser	Misdemeanor Prosecutor
Jenna Hoffman	Misdemeanor Prosecutor/Child Support Assistant
Brian Wright	Misdemeanor Prosecutor

Support Staff

Sheri Wigant	Office Manager
Michelle Jureczek	Legal Secretary/Deputy Office Manager
Julie Beach	Legal Secretary
Lynette Santiago	Legal Secretary
Deb Ormond	Legal Secretary
Linda Camerier	Legal Secretary
Bri Kness	Legal Secretary
Nicole Gorham	Legal Secretary
Maria Zamudio	Victim/Witness Assistant

The State's Attorney's Office proposes the addition of one attorney position and one support staff position for Fiscal Year 2014, and another attorney position in FY 2015. The reasons for this request were set forth in the budget proposal and are included below as well:

The State's Attorney's Office has had to staff another courtroom, dealing in felony cases, which was added in January, with no additional personnel, although two new Assistant Public Defenders were added for this reason. We had to shift two assistants who were part time in felonies, and had been sharing the domestic violence court call, to being full time in the new felony courtroom. This required shifting a general misdemeanor assistant into the single full-time domestic violence assistant, leaving the general misdemeanor division under-staffed. As a result we will need an additional misdemeanor position to be added for 2014, which should also enable the new assistant, or a current misdemeanor assistant, to also function as a part time assistant in the civil division. The civil division has been a one attorney division for 24 years, and is badly in need of additional staff. We anticipate a need for another new assistant position in 2015, when we expect the Circuit Court to fill the fourth authorized Associate Judgeship. Creation of two new positions in 2014 would be more desirable in terms of being prepared for that, but in recognition of fiscal constraints we are not requesting that at this time.

The State's Attorney's office has been operating with the same number of secretaries for approximately a decade, despite a constant increase in the caseload. Technological advances have enabled staff attorneys to perform many functions formerly handled by support staff, but with the addition of the second felony courtroom, a single secretary is now handling support services for two courtrooms, and there is still no secretary assigned to assist the civil division except for child support. The requested additional secretary would devote approximately half of his/her time to the felony division and the other half to civil litigation support.

Projects and Initiatives

In the last eight months the Office of the State's Attorney has been heavily involved several internal or joint initiatives:

Updates from April Review:

Transition to second felony courtroom-

The State's Attorney's Office has been heavily involved, working in cooperation with the Judiciary, the Public Defender, the Circuit Clerk, and the Sheriff's Department in facilitating a smooth transfer of the Class 3 and 4 Felony call to the newly constructed felony courtroom. The transition has gone well, but as set forth above, has placed a serious strain on State's Attorney personnel.

Juvenile Justice Council-

The State's Attorney's Office assisted in the drafting of the new by-laws for the Juvenile Justice Council as well as the preparation of the revised enabling resolution. State's Attorney Richard Schmack and Chief Juvenile Assistant Rachel McIntyre have actively participated in the Strategic Planning sessions for the JJC. A Draft Strategic Plan has been prepared, and action items necessary to implement the plan will be discussed within the various working groups at the next session on Tuesday, September 17, 2013.

New felony arrest procedure-

In cooperation with the Sheriff, all other local police agencies, the Judiciary, and the Circuit Clerk, the State's Attorney's Office inaugurated a new procedure, which took effect on April 16, 2013, for the initiation of felony charges arising from arrests without warrant. Previously, police agencies had to contact the on-call Assistant State's Attorney to obtain authorization for specific felony charges in order to make a felony arrest and transport the arrested individual to the jail. This resulted in taking officers off the streets for extended periods at night, and hasty decisions without full knowledge by prosecutors operating from home without the full resources of the State's Attorney's Office.

On-Call Assistants remain available to answer legal questions, but the police make felony arrests on their own, with a recommended charge for evaluation by the State's Attorney's Office in the morning prior to bond call, in order to make a more fully informed final charging decision. The transition to this system has been, for the most part, smooth and it has been well received by the police agencies. It is too early to tell if it will result in a net increase or decrease in overall felony filings, but it has made it much easier to make decisions to upgrade or downgrade prior to the first court appearance, which should, over time, speed the resolution of cases.

Preliminary Hearings-

Over the last several years, through the fault of no one particular person, a practice had arisen in felony court whereby defendants did not receive the prompt preliminary hearing required by the Illinois Constitution. Instead, defendants and their attorneys simply agreed to continuances while negotiating, without either having or waiving preliminary hearing. Because they participated in the process, no one defendant had real standing to complain, but the net effect was not at all what the drafters of the 1970 Illinois Constitution had in mind.

Working with the Judiciary, the Office of the State's Attorney has helped to restore a regular preliminary hearing call, which is resulting in many more timely waivers of preliminary hearing and has reduced the number of cases presented to the grand jury for indictment. Last summer, a defendant's attorney filed a federal civil rights case based on the former procedure, in the case of Chaney v. Campbell. This summer, the corrective modifications made to the system resulted in the voluntary dismissal of this case by the Plaintiff.

Domestic Violence Team-

Our office has restored the team approach to the prosecution of domestic violence cases involving prosecutors, the State's Attorney's Victim Witness coordinator, Safe Passage, and the Sheriff's Department. This cooperative procedure, created under former State's Attorney Ron Matekaitis, had not been utilized to its fullest extent in recent years, and we look forward to the continued improvement of all aspects of our domestic violence program. A vital step in this direction has been the assigning all misdemeanor domestic cases to one Assistant State's Attorney, assuring a uniform approach.

Civil Litigation Review-

In the wake of the resignation of John Farrell, our office asked all Department Heads and Elected Officials to report any and all pending or past litigation which they believe may have been mishandled in any way. Under the leadership of Chief Civil Assistant Stephanie Klein, this review has now concluded. While it does appear that very little permanent harm has resulted from Farrell's inexplicable behavior, it did turn out that he had failed to file an eminent domain action, contrary to the direction of the County Board, in 2007. However, he told the Highway Department that the case had been filed, and provided regular updates on the progress of a case which was entirely fabricated, right up until his resignation. Fortunately, the right-of-way acquisition was for a very long range project, and nothing happened which would impede the eventual resolution of the matter. A request for investigation was directed to the appropriate state authority.

Drug Court -

State's Attorney Richard Schmack now acts as the State's Attorney's full time member on the DeKalb County Drug Court Team, a practice modeled on that of Ron Matekaitis. Drug Court is functioning well, and serving its purpose, as it has done throughout its existence here in DeKalb County. The Drug Court protocol requires regular evaluations, by an outside monitor, and the most recent evaluation was completed in August. It is available for review at the Drug Court Office, and will be attached to the next report from Drug Court when that is submitted to Law and Justice.

In July, our Drug Court was designated as a Mentor Court by the National Drug Court Institute. As a result, for the next three years our Drug Court will serve as a model of best, evidence-based practice, for new, or troubled, Drug Courts around the nation. The next Drug Court Graduation is scheduled for December 6, 2013, at the Gathertorium, and the State's Attorney's Office urges all County Board members, and especially the members of the Law and Justice Committee, to attend this moving ceremony.

Recent Events:

Civil Litigation-

The Illinois Supreme Court declined the petition for leave to appeal by the 'Stop the Megadump' organization, effectively sustaining the siting decision made by the DeKalb County Board, and previously upheld by the Illinois Pollution Control board and the Illinois Appellate Court.

As previously mentioned, dismissal was obtained in the federal civil rights case of Chaney v. Campbell. Bello v. Holmes, a Circuit Court action against the County Recorder was also dismissed without any orders being entered against the Clerk and Recorder, or the County.

The Civil Division also won contested motions for Summary Judgment in Whitfield v. DeKalb County and Wolfe v. Dekalb County Collector. Whitfield is a personal injury action arising out of a truck crash at the corner of Lindgren and Darnell. The County is no longer a defendant in this 35 million dollar action which continues against Commonwealth Edison and Sycamore Township. The Wolfe case was a request for a ruling of a 'sale in error' arising from the annual tax sale in 2009. An unfavorable decision would have resulted in a judgment against the County Treasurer for more than \$300,000.00.

**RESOLUTION
#R2013 -**

**AUTHORIZING INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT WITH KANE COUNTY
FOR THE PROVISION OF MULTI-SYSTEMIC THERAPY TO JUVENILES
AND THEIR FAMILIES**

WHEREAS, pursuant to 705 ILCS 405/5-710 and 705 ILCS 405/5-715, the circuit court May order a minor who is adjudicated as a delinquent and found guilty under 705 ILCS 405/5-620 be put on probation with a condition of said probation being that the minor undergo psychiatric or psychological treatment; and

WHEREAS, it is determined that multi-systemic therapy, a family and community-based therapy treatment for youths which promotes behavior change in the youth's natural environment, may be utilized as part of the minor's court-ordered psychiatric or psychological treatment; and

WHEREAS, the Circuit Court of Kane County desires to provide in-home multi-systemic therapy services to juvenile delinquents and their families; and

WHEREAS, the Circuit Court of DeKalb County desires to provide in-home multi-systemic therapy services to juvenile delinquents and their families; and

WHEREAS, sharing the costs of the contract to provide these multi-systemic therapy services is cost effective and benefits the taxpayers of both counties.

WHEREAS, DeKalb County is agreeing to reimburse Kane County Fifty Two Thousand Two Hundred Thirty Four dollars (\$52,234.00) for the first year of Kane County's contract, dated June 1, 2013 to May 30, 2014, with One Hope United to provide multi-systemic services up to six (6) juvenile delinquents and their families with DeKalb County, with a charge of \$72.55 per diem, for the first six (6) juvenile delinquents.

WHEREAS, DeKalb County is agreeing to reimburse Kane County Fifty Three Thousand Four Hundred Thirty Four dollars (\$53,434.00) for the second year of Kane County's contract, dated June 1, 2014 to May 30, 2015, with One Hope United to provide multi-systemic services up to six (6) juvenile delinquents and their families with DeKalb County, with a charge of \$74.55 per diem, for the first six (6) juvenile delinquents.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the DeKalb County Board that the Chairman thereof is hereby authorized to enter into an intergovernmental agreement with the County of Kane for the provision of multi-systemic therapy services to juveniles and their families as ordered by the courts.

PASSED AT SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS THIS

Chairperson, DeKalb County Board

County Clerk

DRAFT

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

This Intergovernmental Agreement (“Agreement”) dated _____, 2013, is made and entered into by and between the County of Kane and the County of DeKalb.

WHEREAS, pursuant to 705 ILCS 405/5-710 and 705 ILCS 405/5-715, the circuit court may order a minor who is adjudicated as a delinquent and found guilty under 705 ILCS 405/5-620 be put on probation with a condition of said probation being that the minor undergo psychiatric or psychological treatment; and

WHEREAS, it is determined that multi-systemic therapy, a family and community-based therapy treatment for youths which promotes behavior change in the youth’s natural environment, may be utilized as part of the minor’s court-ordered psychiatric or psychological treatment; and

WHEREAS, the Circuit Court of Kane County desires to provide in-home multi-systemic therapy services to juvenile delinquents and their families; and

WHEREAS, the Circuit Court of DeKalb County desires to provide in-home multi-systemic therapy services to juvenile delinquents and their families; and

WHEREAS, sharing the costs of the contract to provide these multi-systemic therapy services is cost effective and benefits the taxpayers of both counties.

WHEREAS, DeKalb County has agreed to reimburse Kane County Fifty Two Thousand Two Hundred Thirty Four (\$52,234.00) per year for the first year of Kane County’s contract with One Hope United, said contract being in effect from June 1, 2013 to May 30, 2014.

WHEREAS, DeKalb County agrees to reimburse Kane County Fifty Three Thousand Four Hundred Thirty Four (\$53,434.00) Kane County’s contract with One Hope United covering the period of June 1, 2014 to May 30, 2015.

WHEREAS, DeKalb County agrees to reimburse Kane 2/15th of the total cost of certifying, new, non-certified staff as required for multi-systemic therapy services with One Hope United covering the period of June 1, 2013 to May 30, 2015.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and promises herein contained, the County of Kane and the County of DeKalb agree as follows:

1. The County of DeKalb, in exchange for the receipt of those services specified in the contract between the County of Kane and One Hope United, dated June 1, 2013, agrees to reimburse the County of Kane \$52,234.00, for the period of June 1, 2013 to May 30, 2014 payable in equal quarterly installments.
2. The County of DeKalb, in exchange for the receipt of those services specified in the contract between the County of Kane and One Hope United, dated June 1, 2013, agrees to reimburse the County of Kane \$53,434.00, for the period of June 1, 2014 to May 30, 2015 payable in equal quarterly installments.

3. The quarterly payments are to be directed to:
 Director of Finance
 County of Kane
 719 S. Batavia Avenue
 Geneva, Illinois 60134

4. Any notices permitted or required to be given under the terms of this Agreement shall be in writing and directed as follows:

If to Kane County: Hon. Christopher Lauzen
 Chairman, Kane County Board
 719 S. Batavia Avenue
 Geneva, Illinois 60134

With a copy to: Kane County State's Attorney's Office
 100 S. Third Street
 Geneva, IL 60134
 Attention: Chief of the Civil Division

If to DeKalb County: Hon. Jeffrey L. Metzger, Sr.
 Chairman, DeKalb County Board
 Legislative Center – Sycamore Campus
 200 N. Main Street
 Sycamore Illinois 60178

With a copy to: DeKalb County State's Attorney's Office
 County Courthouse
 133 West State Street
 Sycamore Illinois 60178

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement effective on the date and year as set forth above.

County of DeKalb:
 By: _____

County of Kane:
 By: _____

Jeffrey L. Metzger, Sr.
 Chairman, DeKalb County Board

Christopher Lauzen
 Chairman, Kane County Board

Dated: _____ 2013

Dated: _____ 2013

DEKALB COUNTY ADULT COURT SERVICES
MONTHLY REPORT
FISCAL YEAR 2013

PROBATION

	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	Total
PSI's Ordered	2	2	1	2	0	7	4	11					
PSI's Completed	2	0	2	0	0	1	5	9					
New Active Cases	32	21	35	25	26	33	23	15					
Felony	339	342	342	344	345	347	350	329					
Misdemeanor	138	137	138	139	145	148	146	142					
DUI	10	8	8	8	7	5	3	3					
Traffic	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3					
Total Active Caseload	491	491	492	494	500	503	502	477					
Administrative Cases	912	918	927	932	950	960	977	863					
Transfer In Cases	10	12	13	10	6	10	4	9					
Transfer Out Cases	18	8	20	9	12	11	15	11					
Tech Viol. Reported	21	26	30	36	25	35	29	32					
Crim. Viol. Reported	15	15	14	16	14	29	18	15					
Tech. - No Violation	1	0	2	3	0	0	0	0					
Tech. - Finding Viol.	7	2	4	3	1	3	3	9					
Crim. - No Violation	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1					
Crim. - Finding Viol.	7	6	5	1	3	2	4	4					
Successful Terminations	7	10	14	17	10	14	11	11					

COMMUNITY RESTITUTION SERVICE

	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	TOTAL
# Adults Referred	85	69	91	84	84	91	97	91					
# Hours Ordered	8,911	6,594	9,247	9,663	9,237	9,398	9,339	9,783					
# Hours Completed	6,114	5,999	6,273	5,980	6,419	8,005	6,637	7,513					

# Juveniles Referred	3	3	14	11	10	16	8	14					
# Hours Ordered	300	90	707	380	400	650	275	620					
# Hours Completed	260	208	221	164	385	370	247	508					

JUVENILE PLACEMENT/DETENTION REPORT

PLACEMENT

	<u>Jan. 13</u>	<u>Feb. 13</u>	<u>Mar. 13</u>	<u>Apr. 13</u>	<u>May 13</u>	<u>June 13</u>	<u>July 13</u>	<u>Aug. 13</u>	<u>Sept. 13</u>	<u>Oct. 13</u>	<u>Nov. 13</u>	<u>Dec. 13</u>
Residential placements at beginning of mo.	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1				
Minors placed during the month	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0				
Minors released during the month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Minors in residential placement at end of mo.	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1				

DETENTION

	<u>Jan. 13</u>	<u>Feb. 13</u>	<u>Mar. 13</u>	<u>Apr. 13</u>	<u>May 13</u>	<u>June 13</u>	<u>July 13</u>	<u>Aug. 13</u>	<u>Sept. 13</u>	<u>Oct. 13</u>	<u>Nov. 13</u>	<u>Dec. 13</u>
Minors in detention at beginning of month	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	1				
Minors detained during the month	2	5	8	5	7	4	4	5				
Minors released during the month	2	5	8	4	9	4	3	4				
Minors in detention at end of month	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	2				
Average daily population for mo. admissions	1	1	1.5	2	1	0.5	1	1				
Average length of stay for mo. admissions	14.5 days	5.5 days	5.5 days	10 days	6.5 days	3.5 days	10 days	7 days				